Facility Condition Assessment Summary Report

This report provides a summary of the Facility Condition Index (FCI) value of a school facility and select major building systems. The FCI calculation represents the cost of needed repairs divided by the replacement value. The FCI is a numerical value of condition and helps to identify the need for renewal or replacement of specific parts of the facility. The FCI is particularly useful when comparing similar facilities within the same portfolio.

Palumbo School

Phone/Fax

Governance DISTRICT Report Type High Address 1100 Catharine St. Enrollment 901 Philadelphia, Pa 19147 Grade Range '09-12'

215-351-7618 / 215-351-7685 Admissions Category Special Admit

Website Www.Philasd.Org/Schools/Palumbo Turnaround Model N/A

Building/System FCI Tiers

Facilit	y Condition Index (FCI)	=	sed Deficiencies nent Value	
< 15%	15 to 25%	25 to 45%	45 to 60%	> 60%
		Buildings		
Minimal Current Capital Funding Required	Refurbish Systems in building	Replace Systems in building.	Building should be considered for major renovation.	Building should be considered for closing/replacement.
		Systems	•	
Perform routine maintenance on system	System requires minor repairs	System should be studied to determine repair vs. replacement.	System is nearing end of its life expectancy and should be considered for replacement	System should be replaced as part of the Capital Program

Building and Grounds

	FCI	Repair Costs	Replacement Cost
Overall	11.09%	\$10,762,857	\$97,016,893
Building	11.03 %	\$10,688,936	\$96,880,618
Grounds	54.24 %	\$73,921	\$136,275

Major Building Systems

Duilding Custom	Custom FCI	Banair Casta	Doubsement Cost
Building System	System FCI	Repair Costs	Replacement Cost
Roof (Shows physical condition of roof)	33.13 %	\$499,712	\$1,508,473
Exterior Walls (Shows condition of the structural condition of the exterior facade)	00.43 %	\$34,070	\$8,000,899
Windows (Shows functionality of exterior windows)	54.45 %	\$2,775,379	\$5,096,869
Exterior Doors (Shows condition of exterior doors)	00.00 %	\$0	\$214,839
Interior Doors (Classroom doors)	00.00 %	\$0	\$696,375
Interior Walls (Paint and Finishes)	18.40 %	\$539,726	\$2,933,663
Plumbing Fixtures	12.72 %	\$318,476	\$2,503,985
Boilers	00.00 %	\$0	\$3,457,796
Chillers/Cooling Towers	47.32 %	\$2,145,464	\$4,533,843
Radiators/Unit Ventilators/HVAC	05.32 %	\$423,719	\$7,962,006
Heating/Cooling Controls	00.00 %	\$0	\$2,500,281
Electrical Service and Distribution	39.96 %	\$717,939	\$1,796,498
Lighting	03.86 %	\$248,039	\$6,422,944
Communications and Security (Cameras, Pa System and Fire Alarm)	07.03 %	\$169,135	\$2,405,826

School District of Philadelphia

S262001;Palumbo

Final
Site Assessment Report
February 2, 2017



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Site Executive Summary

The organization of this report, as displayed in the Table of Contents, follows the structure of the associated eCOMET database. The overall node for each school campus begins with the letter "S", which indicates the "Site" label. Each Site is comprised of separate "Building" and "Grounds" nodes; their asset names begin with the letters "B" and "G" respectively. Information rolls up to the Site node from the Building and Grounds nodes. This Site report combines facility information with subsections for the Buildings And Grounds nodes.

The basis for the evaluation of condition is the functional systems and elements of a building and grounds organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are typically developed for similar building types and functions. Evaluation of systems and their elements takes into account their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The Replacement Value is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present value. The Current Repair Amount, also known as Condition Needs, represents the budgeted contractor installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging the work. Facility Condition Index (FCI) is an industry-standard measurement calculated as the ratio of the repair costs to correct a facility's deficiencies to the facility's Current Replacement Value. Condition Index (CI) for a system is calculated as the sum of a the deficiencies divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values include soft-cost) expressed as a percentage ranging from 0% 100%.

Gross Area (SF): 80,000

Year Built: 1930

Last Renovation:

Replacement Value: \$97,016,893

Repair Cost: \$10,762,857.32

Total FCI: 11.09 %

Total RSLI: 46.87 %



Description:

Facility Assessment

July 23th and 24th 2015

School District of Philadelphia

Palumbo High School

1100 Catharine Street

Philadelphia, PA 19147

185,206 SF / 1067 Students / LN 01

GENERAL

Mr. Dave Loftus Facility Area Coordinator, accompanied us on our tour of the school and provided us with detailed information on the building

systems and maintenance history. School Principal was not available

The 7 story, 185,206 square foot building was originally constructed in 1930. The building has some enclosed space and multiple rooftop play yards on the seventh level (identified as "6th floor") and a multi-level basement (identified as "Basement"). Multiple areas throughout the building are not used or abandoned and have fallen into severe disrepair.

ARCHITECTURAL/STRUCTURAL SYSTEMS

The building typically rests on concrete foundations and bearing walls that are showing signs of settlement damage with cracked concrete and exposed steel reinforcement. The main structure typically consists of cast-in-place concrete columns, beams, and concrete, one way ribbed slab. The main roof structure consists of concrete one-way slab supported by main structural frame with two small areas of steel truss. Main roofing is built up application in fair condition approaching the end of service life and failing lightweight concrete covered play yard area in poor condition with cracks and leaking into 5th floor. Roofing over 2 main stairs are pitched metal in fair condition. The building envelope is typically masonry and concrete with face brick and metal with chain link enclosure over rooftop play yard areas in good condition. Elevations are enhanced with decorative stonework around entrances that have multiple cracks and failing points that are becoming a hazard to pedestrian safety. In general, masonry is in good condition. The original windows were replaced in mid 1980s with extruded aluminum, double hung windows, Lexan Plexiglas with insect/security screens. All windows are generally in poor condition with heavy hazing. Exterior doors are typically hollow metal in good condition with at least one entrance with accessible hardware. Public access doors have granite stoops and stairs. The building is accessible per ADA requirements from public access sidewalks.

Partition wall types include: plastered ceramic hollow block in good condition; CMU block in good condition; and small amounts of metal stud and gypsum board construction that has since been abandoned. Interior doors are generally wood frame with both solid core and rail and stile wood doors with lites and transoms. Doors leading to exit stairways are rail and stile wood doors and frames with metal lattice embedded glass in fair condition. Most interior doors have lever type handles. Fittings include: toilet accessories in fair to good condition; wood and marble, hollow metal, and composite plastic toilet partitions in fair to good condition; marble shower partitions in poor condition; wood storage shelving in good condition; metal lockers in locker rooms and hallways in fair condition; and handrails and ornamental metals, generally in fair condition. Toilet partitions and accessories are ADA accessible. Interior identifying signage is typically mounted plastic plaques with brail in good condition. Stair construction is generally concrete treads, risers, and nosing in good condition. Stair railings are wall mounted metal and cast iron balusters with wood handrail in fair condition.

The interior wall finishes include: painted plaster, brick, and CMU with marble wainscot in corridors, stairs, and toilets; glazed brick wainscot in some classrooms, gyms, cafeteria, library and interior 6th floor areas; and wood panel wainscot in auditorium. Glazed brick cover full walls in kitchen, fan/mechanical room and locker rooms. Marble surrounds cover locker room shower areas. Painted plaster is damaged and in need of repair in multiple locations. Marble, glazed brick and wood panel is in good condition. Flooring includes patterned or bare concrete in corridors, stairways, storage, athletic training areas, utility and service areas and basement in good condition; hardwood in auditorium and balcony, stage, gyms, gym balconies, interior 6th floor areas, and 50% of classrooms in varying conditions with some replacement needed; vinyl in cafeteria, office areas, lounges, and 50% of classrooms in varying conditions with some replacement needed of both VCT and VAT tile; and tile in kitchen toilets in good condition. Wood base is typically in fair-good condition. Ceiling finishes include: suspended acoustic ceilings in corridors, library, and some classrooms in good condition with some damaged tiles; painted plaster or structural concrete in most toilets, stairs, kitchen, auditorium and balcony, gyms, gym balconies, office areas, athletic training areas, basement and service areas and other classrooms in poor to good condition with extensive damage in some areas in need of repair; and direct mounted acoustic tiles in cafeteria, lounge and fan/mechanical room in fair condition.

The building has two elevators serving 7 stories each and is accessible, and 4 single lifts for elevated classrooms an each main floor.

Commercial and Institutional equipment includes: stage equipment in fair condition, and gym equipment in fair condition. Other equipment includes: food service equipment in good condition.

Fixed furnishings include: fixed casework in classrooms, corridors and library, generally in fair to good condition; window shades/blinds, generally in good condition; fixed auditorium seating generally in good condition, fixed cafeteria tables and seating in good condition, and fixed locker room benches in good condition.

MECHANICAL SYSTEMS

Building plumbing fixtures are a mixture of original and replacement. Large restrooms on each floor have wall hung flush valve water closets, urinals and lavatories. Many small restrooms, such as the nurse office, have floor mounted water closets. Sixth floor boys and girls rooms appear out of service, as well as many small bathrooms, such as the pair in the 4th floor fan room. Approximately 15% of plumbing fixtures will need repair or replacement.

The school cafeteria kitchen has a stainless steel, triple basin, commercial, dish washing sink with chemical sanitization system, and also two lavatories. Kitchen sinks are in good condition and should be serviceable for 10-15 years.

Science classrooms have multiple laboratory sinks. These appear to have been installed within the past decade and are in excellent condition and will easily last another 20 years.

A service sinks are located in janitor closets on each floor. These are enameled cast iron, floor standing, single basin sinks. They have cast mixing faucets with vacuum breaker spouts. The basins are well past their expected useful life and should be replaced.

Drinking fountains in the corridors are a mixture of porcelain, painted metal, and stainless steel of various age. Some are accessible with integral refrigerated coolers, but about 2/3 of them are not. The older non-accessible, non-refrigerated fountains have exceeded their service life and should be replaced.

The gym teacher office and basement janitor office have showers. These are aged and appear out of service. There is a safety shower and eye wash in the chemistry store room. There is no floor drain for the safety shower, and one should be installed. The visitors and girls locker rooms have been remodeled recently and each includes two shower stalls which are in good condition and can be expected to last 10 more years. The boys locker room above the gym office has been partially remodeled and is currently in unusable condition as the plumbing has been removed from the shower area. The entire space should be remodeled.

Water service enters the building in the basement through a 4" line at the southwest corner. There is a water meter with bypass line, a strainer, and a double backflow preventer. After the backflow preventer, the water service splits to feed the boiler room and the domestic water. There is a severely rusted gate valve on the domestic water supply line which should be replaced. There is a domestic water pressure booster system with two 7.5 HP water pumps and an air bladder expansion tank. The domestic hot and cold water distribution piping is copper piping and soldered connections. There are several water flow problems with hot and cold pipes at various outlets throughout the building. Domestic water piping is beyond its service life and should be inspected carefully and repaired as needed. A 75 gallon vertical tank type, gas-fired water heater installed in July 2015 supplies hot water for domestic use. The water heater is within its service life and should provide reliable service for the next 15-20 years. There is a circulation pump which was running at the time of inspection. An obsolete drinking water cooler is abandoned in place in the basement mechanical room.

The sanitary sewer piping includes threaded galvanized steel pipe, bell and spigot cast iron pipe with lead and oakum connections, and hubless cast iron pipe with banded couplings, all of various unknown age. There is a sewage ejector with dual sump pumps and vent stack pipe located in the water service entry room. A janitor stated that one of the service sinks takes about a day to drain if filled. Rain water drain pipes are threaded galvanized steel which run inside the building. The roof does not have overflow drains. The district should hire a qualified contractor to examine the sanitary and rain water discharge piping using video cameras to locate and replace any damaged piping and to further quantify the extent of potential failures.

The building was originally designed for steam radiators along with hot air ducts supplied by multiple air handlers for classroom heating and ventilation. It still mostly operates this way.

Steam is generated by 4 Smith, model 4500A-21, 5,694 MBH (170 HP) capacity boilers with dual fuel Power Flame burners. The burners have pressure atomization for fuel oil. The boilers and burners were built in 2000. The boilers are within their expected service life and should be expected to last another 20 years. Combustion air makeup is supplied through louvers equipped with automatic control. There is gas piping to the boilers and a gas booster, but the building piping is not connected to the city gas utility supply. Fuel oil is stored in a 25,000 gallon indoor tank. Boiler feed water comes from a single tank with 5 feed pumps, one for each boiler and a single common spare pump. Multiple condensate collection sumps pump to the feed water tank. There is a water softener system for makeup water supplied from domestic water service via a double backflow prevention valve, and also a chemical injection system.

The building has central cooling for the library only, provided by a 30 ton capacity rooftop air cooled condenser and an air handler with direct expansion and steam coils located in the south west corner of the building behind the library bathrooms. These were installed in 2009, were operating very well during the assessment, and can be expected to last another 15 years. An additional 430 tons cooling capacity should be installed to provide cooling to the entire building and replace approximately 30 aged, inefficient window unit air conditioners.

Steam and condensate piping is steel with welded and threaded fittings. Steam mains from the basement level run up through the building to the terminal units and air handlers on all floors. They appear to be original to the building. The steam and condensate piping should be surveyed in detail and repaired as needed due to age.

Forced air is supplied to multiple parts of the building from 5 air handlers. There are two fan rooms at each end of the basement and the one on the 4th floor. They included primary and secondary steam heat sections. Steam coils are finned tube, and fans are air foil centrifugal with variable

speed drives. Outside air intake and building plenum return air are controlled independently by electronically controlled dampers and doors at air handler inlets. Conditioned air is delivered through new insulated ducts to original concrete, clay tile, and uninsulated sheet metal ducts and various plenums and finally to class rooms, cafeteria, auditorium, and gym. Room discharge air is conducted through similar ducts and plenums to the attic where it either returns to the air handlers or is discharged through multiple gravity vent hoods on the roof. The library air handler supplies all new ductwork above a drop ceiling which also serves as the return plenum. These air handlers are modern state of the art equipment installed in 2009, and have 25 years expected service life remaining. The basement air handlers should have cooling coils installed as part of the building cooling upgrade.

Cast iron radiators and finned tube convectors supply heat for the entire building supplementing the forced air where it exists. Some are original to the building. They have manual thermostat controlled steam valves. The radiators are well beyond their service life and should be replaced with finned tube convectors.

Several offices and equipment rooms have window unit or mini-split air conditioners. Many are not working like the 5th floor network closet. These units can be removed when central air conditioning is supplied to the entire building.

The kitchen has a gas burning stove with exhaust hood and fire extinguishing system. This system appears functional and will not need replacement within 10 years.

The building utility air compressor in the boiler room is inoperable with a tag stating "caution unsafe do not use". The compressor includes dual two-stage intercooled piston pumps each with its own electric motor feeding a single compressed air storage tank. Instrument air is provided by a single stage, uncooled, electric motor belt driven, tank mounted, piston pump with refrigerated drier, located in the basement near the water booster pumps.

The building has an electronic control system for the new air handlers, including automatic dampers and steam flow control valves. It was installed in 2009 when the equipment was installed, and has 15 years useful life remaining. New cooling equipment should be integrated into the existing control system when it is installed.

The school building has stand pipes and automatic sprinkler system. The combination systems are of unknown age, but appear to be in good condition and should be inspected annually. There is a 6" inlet and outlet 85 HP (maximum) fire pump with 75 HP electric motor. There is also a 2 HP electric motor driven jockey pump. Ducts and plenums have smoke detectors.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

A 13.2 KV incoming feeder, a 13.2KV Metal Enclosed Load Interrupter Switch line up and 1500KVA unit substation provide the electrical service to this building. The 13.2 KV metal enclosed load interrupter switch line up is composed of pull section, CT (current transformer), PT (potential transformer) section and two 600A switches, one switch is for the fire pump and the other is for the unit substation. The fire pump is fed via a 300KVA step down transformer. The metal enclosed load interrupter switch line up is located at the basement electrical room, and the 1500KVA unit substation is located in the first floor electrical room, both electrical equipment were manufactured by Eaton/Cutler-Hammer and were installed in 2008, and are expected to provide 23 more years of useful life. The proposed mechanical load will exceed the capacity of the existing electrical service. Provide 1200 480/277V electrical service.

The electrical distribution is obtained using new 120/208V and original 120/240V panel-boards located at each floor. New panel-boards are manufactured by Eaton/Cutler hammer and were installed in 2009 and are expected to provide 23 more years of useful life. The original panel-boards are manufactured by Penn Panel & box Co and they already exceeded their useful service life. Replace original panel-boards with new 120/208V panel boards. Raceways are concealed in ceiling or wall spaces.

The numbers of receptacles in classrooms varies, approximate 40% of the classrooms have been remodeled and provided with the proper amount of receptacles but 60% of them the quantity of receptacles are inadequate. Teachers use extension cords. Provide approximate 27 classrooms with the teacher's whiteboard wall and the opposite of it with double compartment surface raceways, the other two walls with minimum two duplex outlets each, when feasible.

Most of the school is illuminated with surface mounted fluorescent fixtures with the exception of the auditorium which is illuminated with 500W incandescent lamps. Replace auditorium incandescent lamps with dimmable fluorescent lamps. Fluorescent fixtures are provided with T-8 lamps.

The fire alarm system is manufactured by Simplex 4100U with voice evacuation. The fire alarm system was installed in 2008 and is expected to provide 13 more years of useful life. The fire alarm system is composed of pull station at exit doors, voice/visual devices at corridors, classrooms and restrooms.

The present telephone system is adequate.

An independent and separate PA system does not exist. School uses the telephone systems for public announcement. This system is working adequately for most part.

The school is provided with a central clock system, wireless, battery operated, manufactured by Primex Wireless. Clock system was installed in 2008 and is expected to provide 13 more years of useful life.

There is not television system.

The present CCTV system in the school does not work. CCTV cameras are abandoned in place. Provide a new CCTV system with cameras in the corridors, building entrance stairways and building exterior.

The emergency power system consists of a diesel powered generator, manufactured by MTU Onsite Energy rated 438 KW 480/277V. The present emergency power system serves the electric fire pump, the elevators, emergency lighting, exit signs, HVAC control panel, fire alarm panel and generator annunciator panel. The diesel powered generator is indoor located at the basement level in the generator room, it was installed in 2008 and is expected to provide 13 more years of useful service life.

There is adequate UPS in the IT room.

The emergency lighting is obtained with dedicated fixtures connected to the emergency generator. Exit signs are located at each exit door and corridors and are connected to the school emergency system.

The school is not provided with lightning protection system. A study should be conducted to determine if the lightning protection system is required.

The school has two traction power elevators rated 20HP at 208V. Elevator controllers and motor are approximately 10 years old and are expected to provide 10 more years of useful service life. Elevators are connected to the school emergency system.

The auditorium is provided with theatrical lighting ON/OFF from local panel-board. Provide theatrical lighting dimming control system

The auditorium is provided with portable sound system. Provide a more complete sound system

GROUNDS SYSTEMS

The site surrounds the building on all four sides with concrete paving sidewalk only, which is set back from the street. Landscaping is limited to mature trees along the Catharine St. sidewalk.

Accessibility: the building does have an accessible entrance, and accessible routes. Some of the toilets are equipped with accessible fixtures, partitions and accessories, such as grab bars and accessible partitions. Most of the doors in the building have ADA required door handles.

The site lighting is accomplished with wall mounted lighting fixtures. As a safety issue provide 6 more wall mounted emergency lights in the building perimeter.

School CCTV system does not work. Provide CCTV cameras around the building perimeter. Approximate 6 cameras.

There is wall mounted loud speaker facing the main entrance.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Repair damaged structural columns and foundation walls in basement
- Repair entrance archway stonework cracked and failing
- Replace Plexiglas windows hazed
- Resurface concrete play yards cracking and failing
- Replace marble shower partitions with modern facilities
- Replace fixed metal lockers in locker room failing

- Repair and repaint interior plaster walls (20% of plaster wall surface)
- Replace wood floor (15% of wood floor area)
- Replace damaged and mismatched VCT floor tiles (5% of vinyl areas)
- Replace damaged VAT floor tiles with VCT (10% of vinyl areas)
- Replace carpet worn and beyond service life
- Replace acoustic ceiling tiles discolored, damaged/missing (10% of suspended ceiling area)
- Repair and repaint plaster ceilings (15% of plaster ceiling surface)
- Replace plumbing fixtures in 15% of bathrooms.
- · Replace service sinks due to age and wear.
- Replace non-accessible drinking fountains.
- Install floor drain for safety shower in chemistry store room.
- · Remodel boys locker room.
- Inspect domestic water distribution pipe and repair as needed.
- Replace severely rusted gate valve on domestic water entry line.
- Inspect drainage piping and repair as needed.
- Install 430 tons more cooling including rooftop chillers and cooling coils in basement air handlers.
- Replace radiators with finned tube convectors due to age.
- Provide 1200A 480/277V electrical service.
- Replace original panel-boards with new 120/208V panel boards. Approximate 10
- Provide (2)25FT of surface raceways with 24" receptacles on center and two-duplex wall mount receptacles. Approximate 27
 classrooms
- Replace auditorium incandescent lamps with dimmable fluorescent lamps. Approximate 50
- Replace abandoned in place CCTV system. Provide CCTV cameras in the corridors in the stairways and in front of the elevators.
 Approximate 40 cameras
- Prepare a study to determine if the school requires a lightning protection system.
- Provide theatrical lighting dimming control system
- Provide the auditorium with a more complete sound system
- Provide CCTV cameras around the building perimeter. Approximate 6 cameras.

Attributes:

General Attributes:

Active: Open Bldg Lot Tm: Lot 1 / Tm 3
Status: Accepted by SDP Team: Tm 3

Site ID: S262001

Site Condition Summary

The Table below shows the CI and FCI for each major system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

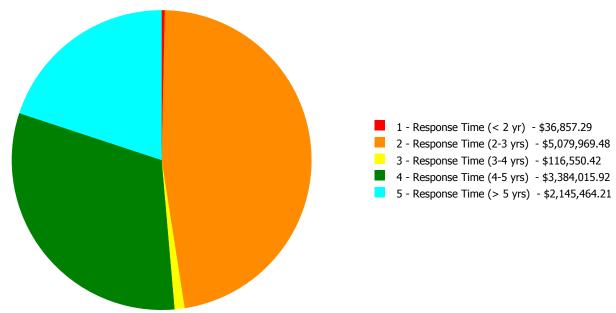
Current Investment Requirement and Condition by Uniformat Classification

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI%	FCI %	Current Repair
A10 - Foundations	15.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
A20 - Basement Construction	15.00 %	0.78 %	\$20,495.92
B10 - Superstructure	15.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	28.87 %	21.10 %	\$2,809,448.99
B30 - Roofing	39.50 %	33.13 %	\$499,712.43
C10 - Interior Construction	22.83 %	13.35 %	\$685,346.96
C20 - Stairs	15.41 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C30 - Interior Finishes	52.27 %	12.23 %	\$1,144,028.69
D10 - Conveying	42.86 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D20 - Plumbing	47.49 %	41.92 %	\$1,507,762.98
D30 - HVAC	78.18 %	12.47 %	\$2,569,182.71
D40 - Fire Protection	82.86 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D50 - Electrical	91.18 %	10.65 %	\$1,159,362.47
E10 - Equipment	52.21 %	9.96 %	\$293,594.70
E20 - Furnishings	42.50 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
G20 - Site Improvements	25.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
G40 - Site Electrical Utilities	106.67 %	163.30 %	\$73,921.47
Totals:	46.87 %	11.09 %	\$10,762,857.32

Condition Deficiency Priority

Facility Name	Gross Area (S.F.)	FCI %	_	2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)		the state of the s	
B243001;Palumbo	185,206	11.03	\$36,857.29	\$5,006,048.01	\$116,550.42	\$3,384,015.92	\$2,145,464.21
G262001;Grounds	7,900	54.24	\$0.00	\$73,921.47	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Total:		11.09	\$36,857.29	\$5,079,969.48	\$116,550.42	\$3,384,015.92	\$2,145,464.21

Deficiencies By Priority



Budget Estimate Total: \$10,762,857.32

Executive Summary

Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The Replacement Value is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present value. The Current Repair Amount, also known as Condition Needs, represents the budgeted contractor installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging the work. Facility Condition Index (FCI) FCI is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor). Condition Index (CI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired).

High School

46.86 %

 Gross Area (SF):
 185,206

 Year Built:
 1930

 Last Renovation:
 \$96,880,618

 Repair Cost:
 \$10,688,935.85

 Total FCI:
 11.03 %



Description:

Total RSLI:

Function:

Attributes:

General Attributes:OpenBldg ID:B243001

Sewage Ejector: Yes Status: Accepted by SDP

Site ID: S262001

Condition Summary

The Table below shows the CI and FCI for each major building system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI %	FCI %	Current Repair Cost
A10 - Foundations	15.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
A20 - Basement Construction	15.00 %	0.78 %	\$20,495.92
B10 - Superstructure	15.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	28.87 %	21.10 %	\$2,809,448.99
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E10 - Equipment	52.21 %	9.96 %	\$293,594.70
E20 - Furnishings	42.50 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
Totals:	46.86 %	11.03 %	\$10,688,935.85

Condition Detail

This section of the report contains results of the Facility Condition Assessment. The building is separated into system components based on UNIFORMAT II classification. The columns in the System Listing table below represent the following:

- 1. System Code: A code that identifies the system.
- 2. System Description: A brief description of a system present in the building.
- 3. Unit Price \$: The unit price of the system.
- 4. UoM: The unit of measure for of the system.
- 5. Qty: The quantity for the system
- 6. Life: anticipated service life for the system based on Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) recommendations.
- 7. Year Installed: The date of system installation.
- 8. Calc Next Renewal Year: The date of system expiration based on the life, NR stands for non renewable.
- 9. Next Renewal Year: The suggested system expiration date by the assessor based on visual inspection.
- 10. CI: The Condition Index of the system.
- 11. FCI: The Facility Condition Index of the system.
- 12. RSL: Remaining Service Life.
- 13. eCR: eCOMET Condition Rating (not used).
- 14. Deficiency \$: The financial investment to repair/replace system.

System Listing

The System Listing table below lists each of the systems organized by their UNIFORMAT II classification. The assessment team was tasked with recording the most recent replacement year of each system, determining the remaining service life based on the theoretical life, and evaluating the condition to confirm the forecast next replacement year. The system listing is the basis for all data contained in the Building Assessment Report.

Additionally, a condition rating (eCR) based on the following quidelines is provided as observed at the time of the assessment.

- Excellent (E) No noticeable distress or damage. The entire system is free from observable defect.
- Very Good (VG) Overall no serviceability reduction for the entire system. No degradation of critical components and minor distress and defect noticeable for some but not non critical components within the system.
- Good (G) Slight or no serviceability reduction for the entire system. There may be noticeable defects for some non critical components and slight noticeable degradation of the critical components.
- Fair (F) Overall serviceability is degraded but adequate. There may be moderate deterioration for very few of the critical components and few of the non critical components may have severe degradation.
- Marginal (MA) Overall serviceability and reliability loss. Most if not all of the non critical components suffer from severe degradation and a few of the critical component may have severe degradation.
- Moderate (MO) Overall a significant serviceability loss. Most if not all the components have severe degradation with the reminder of the component showing visible distress.
- Very Poor (VP) Overall the system is barely functional. All of the components are severely degraded.
- Non-Functional (NF) Overall the system does not function with all the components having no serviceability and suffer from severe degradation.

System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed	Calc Next Renewal Year	Next Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
A1010	Standard Foundations	\$27.30	S.F.	185,206	100	1930	2030		15.00 %	0.00 %	15			\$5,056,124
A1030	Slab on Grade	\$5.17	S.F.	185,206	100	1930	2030		15.00 %	0.00 %	15			\$957,515
A2010	Basement Excavation	\$4.36	S.F.	185,206	100	1930	2030		15.00 %	0.00 %	15			\$807,498
A2020	Basement Walls	\$9.91	S.F.	185,206	100	1930	2030		15.00 %	1.12 %	15		\$20,495.92	\$1,835,391
B1010	Floor Construction	\$85.34	S.F.	185,206	100	1930	2030		15.00 %	0.00 %	15			\$15,805,480
B1020	Roof Construction	\$14.39	S.F.	185,206	100	1930	2030		15.00 %	0.00 %	15			\$2,665,114
B2010	Exterior Walls	\$43.20	S.F.	185,206	100	1930	2030		15.00 %	0.43 %	15		\$34,069.74	\$8,000,899
B2020	Exterior Windows	\$27.52	S.F.	185,206	40	1985	2025	2035	50.00 %	54.45 %	20		\$2,775,379.25	\$5,096,869
B2030	Exterior Doors	\$1.16	S.F.	185,206	25	2001	2026		44.00 %	0.00 %	11			\$214,839
B3010105	Built-Up	\$37.76	S.F.	25,611	20	2001	2021		30.00 %	0.00 %	6			\$967,071
B3010120	Single Ply Membrane	\$38.73	S.F.	12,600	20	2001	2021	2027	60.00 %	102.40 %	12		\$499,712.43	\$487,998
B3010130	Preformed Metal Roofing	\$54.22	S.F.	780	30	1985	2015	2020	16.67 %	0.00 %	5			\$42,292
B3020	Roof Openings	\$0.06	S.F.	185,206	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	0.00 %	16			\$11,112
C1010	Partitions	\$21.05	S.F.	185,206	100	1930	2030		15.00 %	15.89 %	15		\$619,478.85	\$3,898,586
C1020	Interior Doors	\$3.76	S.F.	185,206	40	2001	2041		65.00 %	0.00 %	26			\$696,375
C1030	Fittings	\$2.90	S.F.	185,206	40	1985	2025		25.00 %	12.26 %	10		\$65,868.11	\$537,097
C2010	Stair Construction	\$1.18	S.F.	185,206	100	1930	2030		15.00 %	0.00 %	15			\$218,543
C2020	Stair Finishes	\$0.39	S.F.	185,206	30	1985	2015	2020	16.67 %	0.00 %	5			\$72,230

System Code		Unit Price \$	UoM		Life	Year	Calc Next Renewal		RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	B.G.i.u.u.t	Replacement
	System Description			Qty		Installed 2010	Year 2020	Year	50.00 %	21.65 %	KSL	eck	Deficiency \$	Value \$
C3010230	Paint & Covering Wall Tile	\$13.46 \$2.38		185,206	10 30		1961	2031		0.00 %	16		\$539,725.79	\$2,492,873
C3010232 C3020411		\$2.38		185,206	10	1931 2001	2011	2031	53.33 % 120.00 %	153.30 %	16 12		±41 4F0 F7	\$440,790
C3020411 C3020412	Carpet Terrazzo & Tile	\$7.30 \$75.52		3,704	50	1985	2011	2027	40.00 %	0.00 %	20		\$41,450.57	\$27,039
		 		7,408	20	1985	2035	2027					¢127.0F2.61	\$559,452 \$573,605
C3020413	Vinyl Flooring	\$9.68		59,266				2037	110.00 %	22.15 %	22		\$127,052.61	\$573,695
C3020414	Wood Flooring	\$22.27		59,266	25	2001	2026	2027	48.00 %	13.25 %	12		\$174,912.43	\$1,319,854
C3020415	Concrete Floor Finishes	\$0.97		55,562	50	1985	2035	2027	40.00 %	0.00 %	20		Jaco 207 20	\$53,895
C3030	Ceiling Finishes	\$20.97	_	185,206	25	2001	2026	2027	48.00 %	6.72 %	12		\$260,887.29	\$3,883,770
D1010	Elevators and Lifts	\$1.28		185,206	35	1995	2030		42.86 %	0.00 %	15			\$237,064
D2010	Plumbing Fixtures	\$13.52		185,206	35	1931	1966	2027	34.29 %	12.72 %	12		\$318,475.80	\$2,503,985
D2020	Domestic Water Distribution	\$1.68		185,206	25	1931	1956	2037	88.00 %	124.18 %	22		\$386,392.01	\$311,146
D2030	Sanitary Waste	\$2.32		185,206	30	1931	1961	2047	106.67 %	186.86 %	32		\$802,895.17	\$429,678
D2040	Rain Water Drainage	\$1.90		185,206	30	1931	1961	2025	33.33 %	0.00 %	10			\$351,891
D3020	Heat Generating Systems	\$18.67		185,206	35	2000	2035		57.14 %	0.00 %	20			\$3,457,796
D3030	Cooling Generating Systems	\$24.48	_	185,206	30	2009	2039		80.00 %	47.32 %	24		\$2,145,464.21	\$4,533,843
D3040	Distribution Systems	\$42.99	S.F.	185,206	25	2009	2034		76.00 %	5.32 %	19		\$423,718.50	\$7,962,006
D3050	Terminal & Package Units	\$11.60	S.F.	185,206	20	1931	1951	2039	120.00 %	0.00 %	24			\$2,148,390
D3060	Controls & Instrumentation	\$13.50	S.F.	185,206	20	1931	1951	2030	75.00 %	0.00 %	15			\$2,500,281
D4010	Sprinklers	\$7.05	S.F.	185,206	35	2009	2044		82.86 %	0.00 %	29			\$1,305,702
D4020	Standpipes	\$1.01	S.F.	185,206	35	2009	2044		82.86 %	0.00 %	29			\$187,058
D5010	Electrical Service/Distribution	\$9.70	S.F.	185,206	30	2008	2038		76.67 %	39.96 %	23		\$717,938.68	\$1,796,498
D5020	Lighting and Branch Wiring	\$34.68	S.F.	185,206	20	1931	1951	2037	110.00 %	3.86 %	22		\$248,038.88	\$6,422,944
D5030	Communications and Security	\$12.99	S.F.	185,206	15	2008	2023		53.33 %	7.03 %	8		\$169,135.09	\$2,405,826
D5090	Other Electrical Systems	\$1.41	S.F.	185,206	30	2008	2038		76.67 %	9.29 %	23		\$24,249.82	\$261,140
E1020	Institutional Equipment	\$4.82	S.F.	185,206	35	1985	2020	2027	34.29 %	32.89 %	12		\$293,594.70	\$892,693
E1090	Other Equipment	\$11.10	S.F.	185,206	35	2001	2036		60.00 %	0.00 %	21			\$2,055,787
E2010	Fixed Furnishings	\$2.13	S.F.	185,206	40	1985	2025	2032	42.50 %	0.00 %	17			\$394,489
								Total	46.86 %	11.03 %			\$10,688,935.85	\$96,880,618

System Notes

The facility description in the site executive summary contains an overview of each system. The notes listed below provide additional information on select systems found within the facility.

System: C3010 - Wall Finishes This system contains no images

Note: 85% - Paint & Coverings

15% - Wall Tile (glazed brick)

System: C3020 - Floor Finishes This system contains no images

Note: 2% - Carpet

4% - Terrazzo & Tile (Ceramic) 32% - Vinyl Flooring (VCT & VAT)

32% - Wood Flooring

30% - Concrete Floor Finishes

System: D5010 - Electrical Service/Distribution







Note: There are three dry type transformers:

1. 500KVA 480V-120/208V for lighting and receptacle loads

2. 150KVA 208V-240V to reefed existing 240V loads

3. 75KVA 480-208V for the elevators.

Renewal Schedule

eCOMET forecasts future Capital Renewal funding needed to address expiring systems based on the Next Renewal year found in the Cost Models. A 3% annual inflation factor is applied to the costs for systems expiring in future years. The table below reflects recommended Capital Renewal funding needs over the next 10 years. Note: Cells with a zero value indicate systems for which renewal is not scheduled in that year.

Inflation Rate: 3%

System	Current Deficiencies	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Total:	\$10,688,936	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,324,953	\$1,270,207	\$0	\$3,352,392	\$0	\$1,314,200	\$19,950,687
* A - Substructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A10 - Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
A1010 - Standard Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
A1030 - Slab on Grade	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A20 - Basement Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
A2010 - Basement Excavation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
A2020 - Basement Walls	\$20,496	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$20,496
B - Shell	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B10 - Superstructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B1010 - Floor Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B1020 - Roof Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2010 - Exterior Walls	\$34,070	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$34,070
B2020 - Exterior Windows	\$2,775,379	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,775,379
B2030 - Exterior Doors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B30 - Roofing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010105 - Built-Up	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,270,207	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,270,207
B3010120 - Single Ply Membrane	\$499,712	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$499,712
B3010130 - Preformed Metal Roofing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$53,931	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$53,931
B3020 - Roof Openings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C - Interiors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C10 - Interior Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1010 - Partitions	\$619,479	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$619,479
C1020 - Interior Doors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

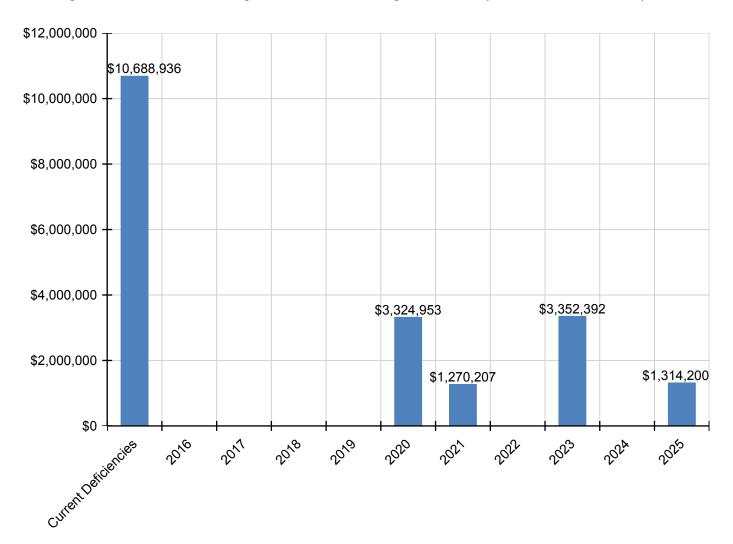
C1030 - Fittings	\$65,868	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$793,995	\$859,863
C20 - Stairs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C2010 - Stair Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C2020 - Stair Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$92,108	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$92,108
C30 - Interior Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3010 - Wall Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3010230 - Paint & Covering	\$539,726	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,178,915	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,718,641
C3010232 - Wall Tile	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020 - Floor Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020411 - Carpet	\$41,451	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$41,451
C3020412 - Terrazzo & Tile	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020413 - Vinyl Flooring	\$127,053	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$127,053
C3020414 - Wood Flooring	\$174,912	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$174,912
C3020415 - Concrete Floor Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3030 - Ceiling Finishes	\$260,887	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$260,887
D - Services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D10 - Conveying	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D1010 - Elevators and Lifts	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D20 - Plumbing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2010 - Plumbing Fixtures	\$318,476	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$318,476
D2020 - Domestic Water Distribution	\$386,392	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$386,392
D2030 - Sanitary Waste	\$802,895	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$802,895
D2040 - Rain Water Drainage	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$520,204	\$520,204
D30 - HVAC	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3020 - Heat Generating Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3030 - Cooling Generating Systems	\$2,145,464	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,145,464
D3040 - Distribution Systems	\$423,719	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$423,719
D3050 - Terminal & Package Units	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3060 - Controls & Instrumentation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D40 - Fire Protection	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D4010 - Sprinklers	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D4020 - Standpipes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D50 - Electrical	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

D5010 - Electrical Service/Distribution	\$717,939	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$717,939
D5020 - Lighting and Branch Wiring	\$248,039	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$248,039
D5030 - Communications and Security	\$169,135	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,352,392	\$0	\$0	\$3,521,527
D5090 - Other Electrical Systems	\$24,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$24,250
E - Equipment & Furnishings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E10 - Equipment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E1020 - Institutional Equipment	\$293,595	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$293,595
E1090 - Other Equipment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E20 - Furnishings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E2010 - Fixed Furnishings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

^{*} Indicates non-renewable system

Forecasted Sustainment Requirement

The following chart shows the current building deficiencies and forecasting sustainment requirements over the next ten years.

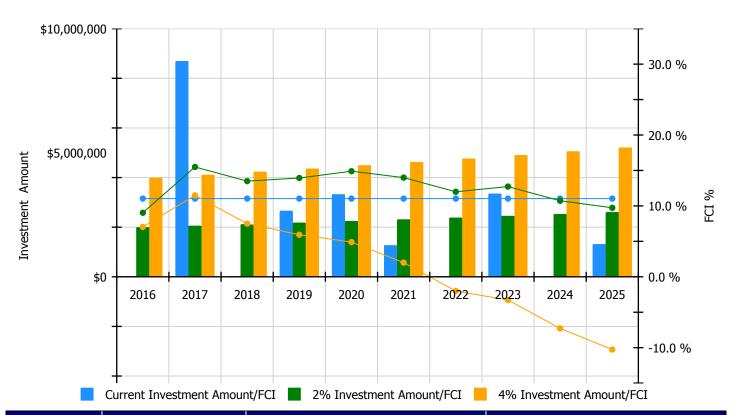


10 Year FCI Forecast by Investment Scenario

The chart below illustrates the effect of various investment levels on the building FCI for the next 10 years. The levels of investment shown below include:

- Current FCI: a variable investment amount based on renewing expired systems to maintain the current FCI for the building
- 2% Investment: an annual investment of 2% of the replacement value of the building, escalated for inflation
- 4% Investment: an annual investment of 4% of the replacement value of the building, escalated for inflation

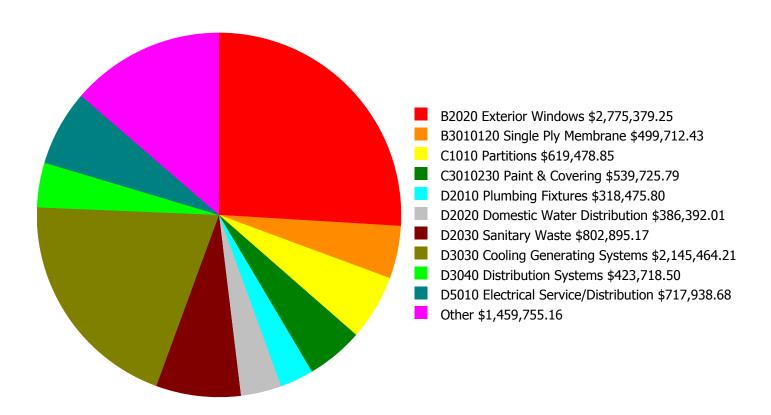
Facility Investment vs. FCI Forecast



	Investment Amount	2% Investm	ent	4% Investment			
Year	Current FCI - 11.03%	Amount	FCI	Amount	FCI		
2016	\$0	\$1,995,741.00	9.03 %	\$3,991,481.00	7.03 %		
2017	\$8,697,991	\$2,055,613.00	15.50 %	\$4,111,226.00	11.50 %		
2018	\$0	\$2,117,281.00	13.50 %	\$4,234,563.00	7.50 %		
2019	\$2,659,835	\$2,180,800.00	13.94 %	\$4,361,600.00	5.94 %		
2020	\$3,324,953	\$2,246,224.00	14.90 %	\$4,492,448.00	4.90 %		
2021	\$1,270,207	\$2,313,610.00	13.99 %	\$4,627,221.00	1.99 %		
2022	\$0	\$2,383,019.00	11.99 %	\$4,766,038.00	-2.01 %		
2023	\$3,352,392	\$2,454,509.00	12.73 %	\$4,909,019.00	-3.27 %		
2024	\$0	\$2,528,145.00	10.73 %	\$5,056,289.00	-7.27 %		
2025	\$1,314,200	\$2,603,989.00	9.73 %	\$5,207,978.00	-10.27 %		
Total:	\$20,619,578	\$22,878,931.00		\$45,757,863.00			

Deficiency Summary by System

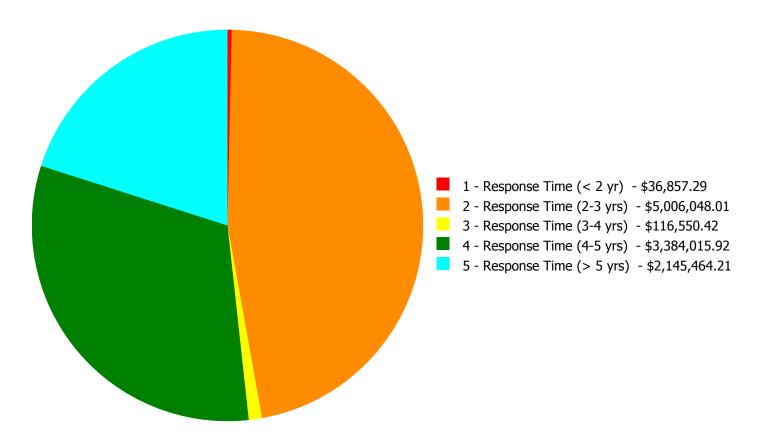
Current deficiencies included assemblies that have reached or exceeded their design life or components of the assemblies that are in need of repair. Assemblies that have reached their design life are identified as current deficiencies and assigned the distress 'Beyond Useful Life'. The following chart lists all current deficiencies associated with this facility.



Budget Estimate Total: \$10,688,935.85

Deficiency Summary by Priority

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by priority. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:



Budget Estimate Total: \$10,688,935.85

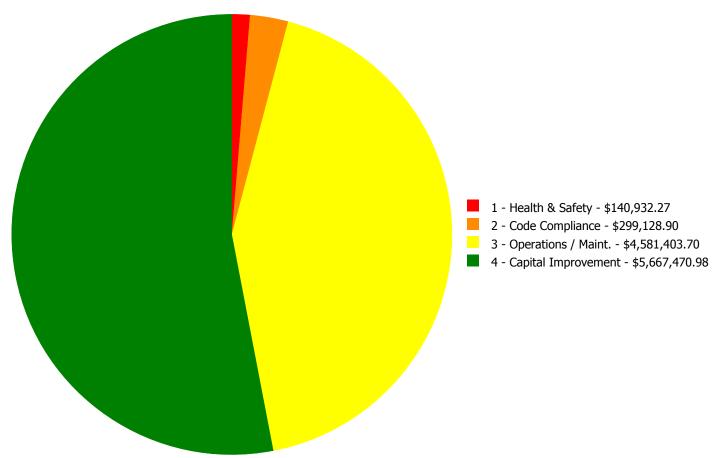
Deficiency By Priority Investment Table

The table below shows the current investment cost grouped by deficiency priority and building system.

System Code	System Description	1 - Response Time (< 2 yr)	2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)	3 - Response Time (3-4 yrs)	4 - Response Time (4-5 yrs)	5 - Response Time (> 5 yrs)	Total
A2020	Basement Walls	\$0.00	\$20,495.92	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$20,495.92
B2010	Exterior Walls	\$34,069.74	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$34,069.74
B2020	Exterior Windows	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$2,775,379.25	\$0.00	\$2,775,379.25
B3010120	Single Ply Membrane	\$0.00	\$499,712.43	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$499,712.43
C1010	Partitions	\$0.00	\$619,478.85	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$619,478.85
C1030	Fittings	\$0.00	\$65,868.11	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$65,868.11
C3010230	Paint & Covering	\$0.00	\$539,725.79	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$539,725.79
C3020411	Carpet	\$0.00	\$41,450.57	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$41,450.57
C3020413	Vinyl Flooring	\$0.00	\$127,052.61	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$127,052.61
C3020414	Wood Flooring	\$0.00	\$174,912.43	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$174,912.43
C3030	Ceiling Finishes	\$0.00	\$183,737.13	\$77,150.16	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$260,887.29
D2010	Plumbing Fixtures	\$0.00	\$94,157.37	\$39,400.26	\$184,918.17	\$0.00	\$318,475.80
D2020	Domestic Water Distribution	\$2,787.55	\$383,604.46	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$386,392.01
D2030	Sanitary Waste	\$0.00	\$802,895.17	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$802,895.17
D3030	Cooling Generating Systems	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$2,145,464.21	\$2,145,464.21
D3040	Distribution Systems	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$423,718.50	\$0.00	\$423,718.50
D5010	Electrical Service/Distribution	\$0.00	\$717,938.68	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$717,938.68
D5020	Lighting and Branch Wiring	\$0.00	\$248,038.88	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$248,038.88
D5030	Communications and Security	\$0.00	\$169,135.09	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$169,135.09
D5090	Other Electrical Systems	\$0.00	\$24,249.82	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$24,249.82
E1020	Institutional Equipment	\$0.00	\$293,594.70	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$293,594.70
	Total:	\$36,857.29	\$5,006,048.01	\$116,550.42	\$3,384,015.92	\$2,145,464.21	\$10,688,935.85

Deficiency Summary by Category

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by deficiency categories. Assessors assigned deficiencies to one of the following categories:



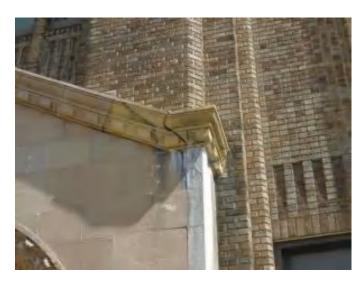
Budget Estimate Total: \$10,688,935.85

Deficiency Details by Priority

The deficiency detail notes listed below provide additional information on identified deficiencies found within the facility.

Priority 1 - Response Time (< 2 yr):

System: B2010 - Exterior Walls



Location: Entrances

Distress: Damaged

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 1 - Response Time (< 2 yr)

Correction: Remove and replace precast concrete wall

features - SF of surface

Qty: 100.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$34,069.74

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/04/2015

Notes: Repair entrance archway stonework – cracked and failing

System: D2020 - Domestic Water Distribution



Location: Basement mechanical room

Distress: Failing

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 1 - Response Time (< 2 yr)

Correction: Replace valves

Qty: 1.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$2,787.55

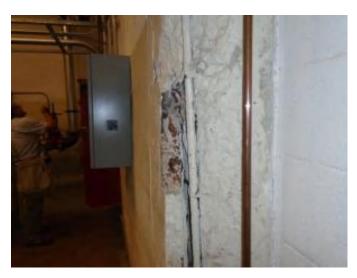
Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/10/2015

Notes: Replace severely rusted gate valve on domestic water entry line.

Priority 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs):

System: A2020 - Basement Walls



Location: Basement

Distress: Building Envelope Integrity

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Repair spalled concrete - pick the appropriate

repair and insert the SF of wall area

Qty: 150.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$20,495.92

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/04/2015

Notes: Repair damaged structural columns and foundation walls in basement

System: B3010120 - Single Ply Membrane



Location: Roof top

Distress: Failing

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Remove and replace concrete deck topping

including remove and replace waterproofing membrane - add for epoxy coating if required

by inserting the SF in the estimate

Qty: 12,600.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$499,712.43

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/04/2015

Notes: Resurface concrete play yards - cracking and failing

System: C1010 - Partitions



Location: Locker rooms

Distress: Obsolete

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Remodel and refurbish shower room - based on

approximately 8 showers

Qty: 2.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$438,757.14

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/04/2015

Notes: Replace marble shower partitions with modern facilities

System: C1010 - Partitions



Location: Boys locker room

Distress: Building / MEP Codes

Category: 2 - Code Compliance

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Build new gang restroom to meet code or

occupant needs - select type and number of

fixtures and toilet partitions for mens or

womens

Qty: 1.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$180,721.71

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/10/2015

Notes: Remodel boys restroom to meet current code or occupant needs

System: C1030 - Fittings



Notes: Replace fixed metal lockers in locker room – failing

Location: Locker rooms

Distress: Failing

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Remove and replace lockers - select size

Qty: 100.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$65,868.11

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/04/2015

System: C3010230 - Paint & Covering



Location: Throughout

Distress: Damaged

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Repair substrate and repaint interior walls - SF

of wall surface

Qty: 63,000.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$539,725.79

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/04/2015

Notes: Repair and repaint interior plaster walls (20% of plaster wall surface)

System: C3020411 - Carpet



Location: Various

Distress: Failing

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Remove and replace carpet

Qty: 3,704.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$41,450.57

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/04/2015

Notes: Replace carpet – worn and beyond service life

System: C3020413 - Vinyl Flooring



Location: Various

Distress: Damaged

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Remove VAT and replace with VCT - SF of area

Qty: 6,000.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$91,000.01

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/04/2015

Notes: Replace damaged VAT floor tiles with VCT (10% of vinyl areas)

System: C3020413 - Vinyl Flooring



Location: Various

Distress: Damaged

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Remove and replace VCT

Qty: 3,000.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$36,052.60

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/04/2015

Notes: Replace damaged and mismatched VCT floor tiles (5% of vinyl areas)

System: C3020414 - Wood Flooring



Notes: Replace wood floor (15% of wood floor area)

Location: Various

Distress: Damaged

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Remove and replace wood flooring

Qty: 6,000.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$174,912.43

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/04/2015

System: C3030 - Ceiling Finishes



Location: Various

Distress: Damaged

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Repair and resurface plaster ceilings - 2 coats

plaster

Qty: 14,000.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$183,737.13

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/04/2015

Notes: Repair and repaint plaster ceilings (15% of plaster ceiling surface)

System: D2010 - Plumbing Fixtures



Location: Hallways

Distress: Accessibility

Category: 2 - Code Compliance

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Remove and replace water fountains to meet

ADA - includes high and low fountains and new

recessed alcove

Qty: 6.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$94,157.37

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/10/2015

Notes: Replace non-accessible drinking fountains.

System: D2020 - Domestic Water Distribution



Location: Entire building

Distress: Failing

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Replace domestic water piping (150 KSF)

Qty: 92,500.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$383,604.46

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/10/2015

Notes: Inspect domestic water distribution pipe and repair as needed.

System: D2030 - Sanitary Waste



Location: Entire building

Distress: Failing

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Inspect sanitary waste piping and replace

damaged sections. (+200KSF)

Qty: 185,000.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$802,895.17

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/10/2015

Notes: Inspect drainage piping and repair as needed.

System: D5010 - Electrical Service/Distribution



Location: Basement

Distress: Inadequate

Category: 4 - Capital Improvement

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Add Electrical Switchgear and Distribution

System

Qty: 1.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$470,385.82

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/10/2015

Notes: Provide 1200A 480/277V electrical service.

System: D5010 - Electrical Service/Distribution



Location: Entire school

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Replace Panelboard

Qty: 10.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$247,552.86

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 08/11/2015

Notes: Replace original panel-boards with new 120/208V panel boards. Approximate 10

System: D5020 - Lighting and Branch Wiring



Location: classrooms

Distress: Inadequate

Category: 4 - Capital Improvement

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Add wiring device

Qty: 432.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$235,171.81

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 08/11/2015

Notes: Provide (2)25FT of surface raceways with 24" receptacles on center and two-duplex wall mount receptacles. Approximate 27 classrooms

System: D5020 - Lighting and Branch Wiring



Location: Auditorium

Distress: Inadequate

Category: 4 - Capital Improvement

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Replace lighting fixtures

Qty: 50.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$12,867.07

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 08/11/2015

Notes: Replace auditorium incandescent lamps with dimmable fluorescent lamps. Approximate 50

System: D5030 - Communications and Security



Location: Corridors, stairways

Distress: Security Issue

Category: 1 - Health & Safety

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Add/Replace Video Surveillance System

Qty: 40.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$140,932.27

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 08/11/2015

Notes: Replace abandoned in place CCTV system. Provide CCTV cameras in the corridors in the stairways and in front of the elevators. Approximate 40 cameras

System: D5030 - Communications and Security



Location: Auditorium

Distress: Inadequate

Category: 4 - Capital Improvement

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Add/Replace Sound System

Qty: 1.00

Unit of Measure: LS

Estimate: \$28,202.82

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 08/11/2015

Notes: Provide the auditorium with a more complete sound system

System: D5090 - Other Electrical Systems



Location: Roof

Distress: Building / MEP Codes

Category: 2 - Code Compliance

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Repair Lightning Protection System

Qty: 1.00

Unit of Measure: Job

Estimate: \$24,249.82

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 08/11/2015

Notes: Prepare a study to determine if the school requires a lightning protection system.

System: E1020 - Institutional Equipment



Notes: Provide theatrical lighting dimming control system

Location: Auditorium

Distress: Obsolete

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Add/Replace Stage Theatrical Lighting System

Qty: 1.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$293,594.70

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 08/11/2015

Priority 3 - Response Time (3-4 yrs):

System: C3030 - Ceiling Finishes



Location: Various

Distress: Damaged

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 3 - Response Time (3-4 yrs)

Correction: Remove and replace ceiling tiles only in

suspended ceiling - pick the proper material

Qty: 10,000.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$77,150.16

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/04/2015

Notes: Replace acoustic ceiling tiles – discolored, damaged/missing (10% of suspended ceiling area)

System: D2010 - Plumbing Fixtures



Location: Service closets

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 3 - Response Time (3-4 yrs)

Correction: Replace lavatory - with finishes

Qty: 12.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$39,400.26

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/10/2015

Notes: Replace service sinks due to age and wear.

Priority 4 - Response Time (4-5 yrs):

System: B2020 - Exterior Windows



Notes: Replace Plexiglas windows - hazed

Location: Throughout

Distress: Energy Efficiency

Category: 4 - Capital Improvement

Priority: 4 - Response Time (4-5 yrs)

Correction: Remove and replace double slider windows

Qty: 550.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$2,775,379.25

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/04/2015

System: D2010 - Plumbing Fixtures



Location: Bathrooms

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 4 - Response Time (4-5 yrs)

Correction: Remove and replace or replace water closet -

quantify additional units

Qty: 20.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$184,918.17

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/10/2015

Notes: Replace plumbing fixtures in 15% of bathrooms.

System: D3040 - Distribution Systems



Location: Entire building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: 3 - Operations / Maint.

Priority: 4 - Response Time (4-5 yrs)

Correction: Replace finned tube radiation terminals (per

100 LF)

Qty: 1,050.00

Unit of Measure: L.F.

Estimate: \$423,718.50

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/10/2015

Notes: Replace radiators with finned tube convectors due to age.

Priority 5 - Response Time (> 5 yrs):

System: D3030 - Cooling Generating Systems



Location: Entire building

Distress: Inadequate

Category: 4 - Capital Improvement

Priority: 5 - Response Time (> 5 yrs)

Correction: Install chilled water system with distribution

piping and pumps. (+150KSF)

Qty: 129,000.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$2,145,464.21

Assessor Name: System

Date Created: 09/10/2015

Notes: Install 430 tons more cooling including rooftop chillers and cooling coils in basement air handlers.

Equipment Inventory

The following table represents the inventory details of the inventory found in the building, which fall under the following subsystems:

Subsystem	Inventory	Qty	UoM	Location	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Barcode	Life	Install Date	Next Renewal	Raw Cost	Inventory Cost
D2020 Domestic Water Distribution	Pump, pressure booster system, variable speed, base, controls, starter, duplex, 100' head, 400 GPM, 7-1/2 H.P., 4" discharge	1.00	Ea.	Basement					25	2009	2034	\$51,870.00	\$57,057.00
D3020 Heat Generating Systems	Boiler, gas/oil combination, cast iron, steam, gross output, 6100 MBH, includes burners, controls and insulated jacket, packaged	4.00		Basement boiler room					35	2000	2035	\$140,742.00	\$619,264.80
D3040 Distribution Systems	AHU, field fabricated, built up, cool/heat coils, filters, constant volume, 40,000 CFM	2.00	Ea.	Fan room 1 and 4					25	2009	2034	\$151,511.80	\$333,325.96
D4010 Sprinklers	Fire pumps, electric, 750 GPM, 100 psi, 66 HP, 3,550 RPM, 4" pump, including controller, fittings and relief valve	1.00	Ea.	Basement					35	2009	2044	\$27,321.80	\$30,053.98
D5010 Electrical Service/Distribution	Load interrupter switch, 2 position, 400 kVA & above, 13.8 kV, 600 amp w/CLF fuses, NEMA 1	1.00		Basement electrical room	Eaton /Cutler Hammer	MVS metal enclosed load interrupter switchgear			30	2008	2038	\$42,849.00	\$47,133.90
D5010 Electrical Service/Distribution	Switchgear installation, incl switchboard, panels & circuit breaker, 120/208 V, 1600 A	1.00		First floor electrical room	Eaton/Cutler Hammer	Switchboard			20	2008	2028	\$40,458.15	\$44,503.97
D5010 Electrical Service/Distribution	Switchgear installation, incl switchboard, panels & circuit breaker, 277/480 V, 1600 A	1.00		Basement electrical room	Eaton/Cutler Hammer	Switchboard			20	2008	2028	\$53,561.25	\$58,917.38
D5010 Electrical Service/Distribution	Switchgear installation, incl switchboard, panels & circuit breaker, 277/480 V, 2000 A	1.00		First floor electrical room	Eaton/Cutler Hammer	Switchgear			20	2008	2028	\$64,242.45	\$70,666.70
D5010 Electrical Service/Distribution	Transformer, liquid-filled, 5 kV or 15 kV primary, 277/480 V secondary, 3 phase, 1500 kVA, pad mounted	1.00	1 -	First floor electrical room	Eaton/Cutler Hammer	Step down, dry type			30	2008	2038	\$58,498.20	\$64,348.02
												Total:	\$1,325,271.71

Executive Summary

Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The Replacement Value is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present value. The Current Repair Amount, also known as Condition Needs, represents the budgeted contractor installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging the work. Facility Condition Index (FCI) FCI is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor). Condition Index (CI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired).

Function:

 Gross Area (SF):
 7,900

 Year Built:
 1930

Last Renovation:

 Replacement Value:
 \$136,275

 Repair Cost:
 \$73,921.47

 Total FCI:
 54.24 %

 Total RSLI:
 52.13 %



Description:

Attributes:

General Attributes:

Bldg ID: S262001 Site ID: S262001

Condition Summary

The Table below shows the CI and FCI for each major building system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI %	FCI %	Current Repair Cost
G20 - Site Improvements	25.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
G40 - Site Electrical Utilities	106.67 %	163.30 %	\$73,921.47
Totals:	52.13 %	54.24 %	\$73,921.47

Condition Detail

This section of the report contains results of the Facility Condition Assessment. The building is separated into system components based on UNIFORMAT II classification. The columns in the System Listing table below represent the following:

- 1. System Code: A code that identifies the system.
- 2. System Description: A brief description of a system present in the building.
- 3. Unit Price \$: The unit price of the system.
- 4. UoM: The unit of measure for of the system.
- 5. Qty: The quantity for the system
- 6. Life: anticipated service life for the system based on Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) recommendations.
- 7. Year Installed: The date of system installation.
- 8. Calc Next Renewal Year: The date of system expiration based on the life, NR stands for non renewable.
- 9. Next Renewal Year: The suggested system expiration date by the assessor based on visual inspection.
- 10. CI: The Condition Index of the system.
- 11. FCI: The Facility Condition Index of the system.
- 12. RSL: Remaining Service Life.
- 13. eCR: eCOMET Condition Rating (not used).
- 14. Deficiency \$: The financial investment to repair/replace system.

System Listing

The System Listing table below lists each of the systems organized by their UNIFORMAT II classification. The assessment team was tasked with recording the most recent replacement year of each system, determining the remaining service life based on the theoretical life, and evaluating the condition to confirm the forecast next replacement year. The system listing is the basis for all data contained in the Building Assessment Report.

Additionally, a condition rating (eCR) based on the following guidelines is provided as observed at the time of the assessment.

- Excellent (E) No noticeable distress or damage. The entire system is free from observable defect.
- Very Good (VG) Overall no serviceability reduction for the entire system. No degradation of critical components and minor distress and defect noticeable for some but not non critical components within the system.
- Good (G) Slight or no serviceability reduction for the entire system. There may be noticeable defects for some non critical components and slight noticeable degradation of the critical components.
- Fair (F) Overall serviceability is degraded but adequate. There may be moderate deterioration for very few of the critical components and few of the non critical components may have severe degradation.
- Marginal (MA) Overall serviceability and reliability loss. Most if not all of the non critical components suffer from severe degradation and a few of the critical component may have severe degradation.
- Moderate (MO) Overall a significant serviceability loss. Most if not all the components have severe degradation with the reminder of the component showing visible distress.
- Very Poor (VP) Overall the system is barely functional. All of the components are severely degraded.
- Non-Functional (NF) Overall the system does not function with all the components having no serviceability and suffer from severe degradation.

System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed		Next Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
G2030	Pedestrian Paving	\$11.52	S.F.	7,900	40	1985	2025		25.00 %	0.00 %	10			\$91,008
G2050	Landscaping & Irrigation	\$3.78	S.F.		15	2001	2016	2030	100.00 %	0.00 %	15			\$0
G4020	Site Lighting	\$3.58	S.F.	7,900	30	1931	1961	2047	106.67 %	0.00 %	32			\$28,282
G4030	Site Communications & Security	\$2.15	S.F.	7,900	30	1931	1961	2047	106.67 %	435.22 %	32		\$73,921.47	\$16,985
	Total 52.13 % 54.24 % \$73									\$73,921.47	\$136,275			

System Notes

The facility description in the site executive summary contains an overview of each system. The notes listed below provide additional information on select systems found within the facility.

No data found for this asset

Renewal Schedule

eCOMET forecasts future Capital Renewal funding needed to address expiring systems based on the Next Renewal year found in the Cost Models. A 3% annual inflation factor is applied to the costs for systems expiring in future years. The table below reflects recommended Capital Renewal funding needs over the next 10 years. Note: Cells with a zero value indicate systems for which renewal is not scheduled in that year.

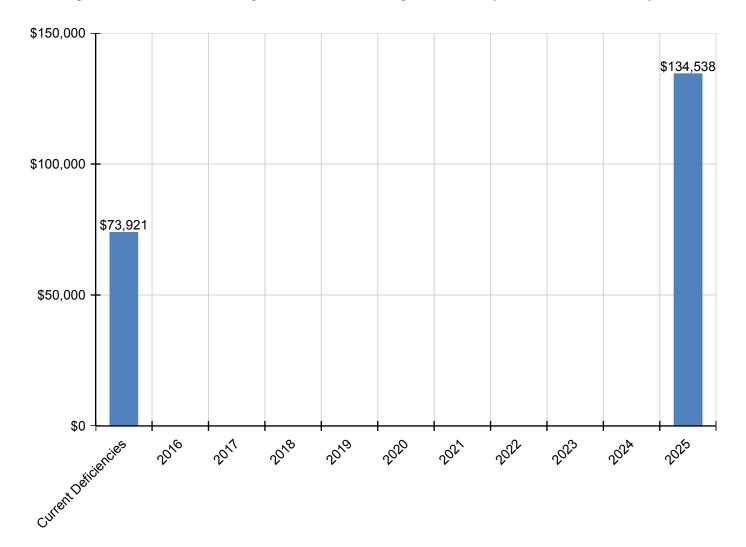
Inflation Rate: 3%

System	Current Deficiencies	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Total:	\$73,921	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$134,538	\$208,460
G - Building Sitework	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G20 - Site Improvements	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2030 - Pedestrian Paving	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$134,538	\$134,538
G2050 - Landscaping & Irrigation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G40 - Site Electrical Utilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G4020 - Site Lighting	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G4030 - Site Communications & Security	\$73,921	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$73,921

^{*} Indicates non-renewable system

Forecasted Sustainment Requirement

The following chart shows the current building deficiencies and forecasting sustainment requirements over the next ten years.



10 Year FCI Forecast by Investment Scenario

The chart below illustrates the effect of various investment levels on the building FCI for the next 10 years. The levels of investment shown below include:

- Current FCI: a variable investment amount based on renewing expired systems to maintain the current FCI for the building
- 2% Investment: an annual investment of 2% of the replacement value of the building, escalated for inflation
- 4% Investment: an annual investment of 4% of the replacement value of the building, escalated for inflation

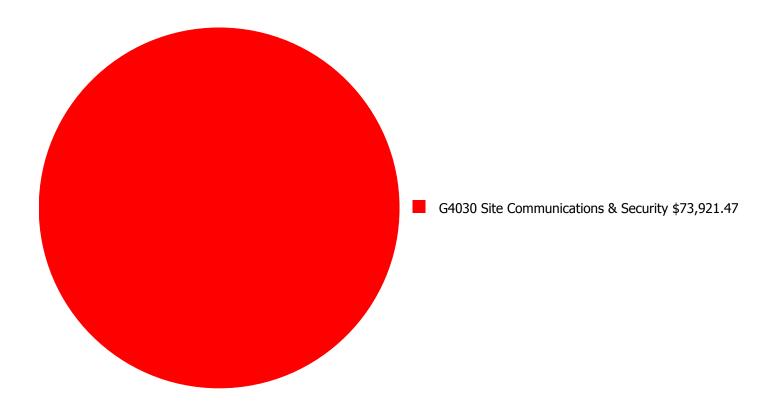
Facility Investment vs. FCI Forecast \$150,000 160.0 % 140.0 % \$100,000 120.0 % Investment Amount 100.0 % \$50,000 80.0 % 60.0 % \$0 40.0 % 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025

	Investment Amount	2% Investm	ent	4% Investment			
Year	Current FCI - 54.24%	Amount	FCI	Amount	FCI		
2016	\$0	\$2,807.00	52.24 %	\$5,615.00	50.24 %		
2017	\$52,826	\$2,891.00	86.78 %	\$5,783.00	82.78 %		
2018	\$0	\$2,978.00	84.78 %	\$5,956.00	78.78 %		
2019	\$0	\$3,068.00	82.78 %	\$6,135.00	74.78 %		
2020	\$0	\$3,160.00	80.78 %	\$6,319.00	70.78 %		
2021	\$0	\$3,254.00	78.78 %	\$6,509.00	66.78 %		
2022	\$0	\$3,352.00	76.78 %	\$6,704.00	62.78 %		
2023	\$0	\$3,453.00	74.78 %	\$6,905.00	58.78 %		
2024	\$0	\$3,556.00	72.78 %	\$7,112.00	54.78 %		
2025	\$134,538	\$3,663.00	144.24 %	\$7,326.00	124.24 %		
Total:	\$187,365	\$32,182.00		\$64,364.00			

Current Investment Amount/FCI 2% Investment Amount/FCI 4% Investment Amount/FCI

Deficiency Summary by System

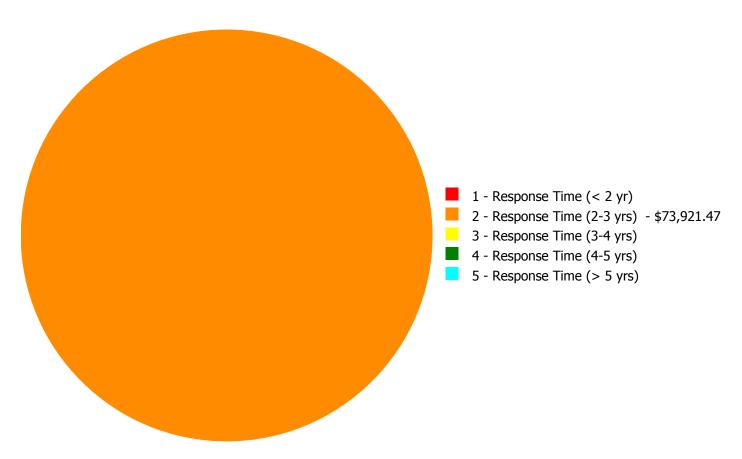
Current deficiencies included assemblies that have reached or exceeded their design life or components of the assemblies that are in need of repair. Assemblies that have reached their design life are identified as current deficiencies and assigned the distress 'Beyond Useful Life'. The following chart lists all current deficiencies associated with this facility.



Budget Estimate Total: \$73,921.47

Deficiency Summary by Priority

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by priority. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:



Budget Estimate Total: \$73,921.47

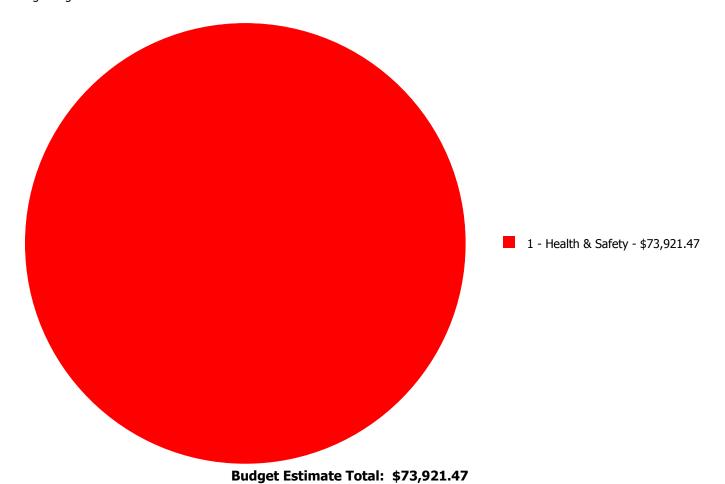
Deficiency By Priority Investment Table

The table below shows the current investment cost grouped by deficiency priority and building system.

System Code	System Description			3 - Response Time (3-4 yrs)		5 - Response Time (> 5 yrs)	Total
G4030	Site Communications & Security	\$0.00	\$73,921.47	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$73,921.47
	Total:	\$0.00	\$73,921.47	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$73,921.47

Deficiency Summary by Category

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by deficiency categories. Assessors assigned deficiencies to one of the following categories:



Deficiency Details by Priority

The deficiency detail notes listed below provide additional information on identified deficiencies found within the facility.

Priority 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs):

System: G4030 - Site Communications & Security



Location: Building perimeter

Distress: Health Hazard / Risk

Category: 1 - Health & Safety

Priority: 2 - Response Time (2-3 yrs)

Correction: Add Video Surveillance System

Qty: 6.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$73,921.47

Assessor Name: Craig Anding

Date Created: 08/11/2015

Notes: Provide CCTV cameras around the building perimeter. Approximate 6 cameras.

Equipment Inventory

The following table represents the inventory details of the inventory found in the building, which fall under the following subsystems:

No data found for this asset

Glossary

ABMA American Boiler Manufacturers Association http://www.abma.com/

ACEEE American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy

ACGIH American Council of Governmental and Industrial Hygienists

AEE Association of Energy Engineers

AFD Adjustable Frequency Drive

AFTC After Tax Cash Flow

AGA American Gas Association

AHU Air Handling Unit

Amp Ampere

ANSI American National Standards Institute

ARI Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute

ASD Adjustable Speed Drive

ASHRAE American Society of Heating Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers Inc.

ASME American Society of Mechanical Engineers

Assessment Visual survey of a facility to determine its condition. It involves looking at the age of systems

reviewing information from local sources and visual evidence of potential problems to assign a condition rating. It does not include destructive testing of materials or testing of systems or

equipment for functionality.

ATS After Tax Savings

AW Annual worth

BACNET Building Automation Control Network

BAS Building Automation System

BCR Benefit Cost Ratio

BEP Business Energy Professional (AEE)

BF Ballast Factor

BHP Boiler Horsepower (boilers)

BHP Brake Horsepower (motors)

BLCC Building Life Cycle Cost analysis program (FEMP)

BOCA Building Officials and Code Administrators

BTCF Before Tax Cash Flow

BTS Before Tax Savings

Btu British thermal unit

Building Addition An area space or component of a building added to a building after the original building's year

built date.

CAA Clean Air Act

CAAA-90 Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990

CABO Council of American Building Officials

CAC Conventional Air Conditioning

CADDET Center for the Analysis and Dissemination of Demonstrated Energy Technologies

Calculated Next Renewal The year a system or element would be expected to expire based solely on the date it was

installed and the expected useful lifetime for that kind of system.

Capital Renewal Capital renewal is condition work (excluding suitability and energy audit work) that includes the

replacement of building systems or elements (as they become obsolete or beyond their useful life) not normally included in an annual operating budget. Calculated next renewal The year a system or element would be expected to expire based solely on the date it was installed and the expected useful lifetime for that kind of system. Next renewal The assessor adjusted expected useful life

of a system or element based on on-site inspection.

CDD Cooling Degree Days

CDGP Certified Distributed Generation Professional

CEC California Energy Commission

CEM Certified Energy Manager

CEP Certified Energy Procurement Professional

CFC Chlorofluorocarbon

CFD Cash Flow Diagram

CFL Compact Fluorescent Light

CFM cfm Cubic Feet per Minute

CHP Combined Heat and Power (a.k.a. cogeneration)

CHW Chilled Water

Condition Condition refers to the state of physical fitness or readiness of a facility system or system element

for its intended use.

COP Coefficient of Performance

Cp Heat Capacity of Material

CPUC California Public Utility Commission

CRI Color Rendering Index

CRT Cathode Ray Tube VDT HMI

CTC Competitive Transition Charge

Cu Coefficient of Utilization

Current Replacement

Value (CRV)

CRV represents the hypothetical total cost of rebuilding or replacing an existing facility in current dollars to its optimal condition (excluding auxiliary facilities) under current codes and construction

standards.

Cv Value Coefficient

CWS Chilled Water System

D d Distance (usually feet)

DB Dry Bulb

DCV Demand Control Ventilation

DD Degree Day

DDB Double Declining Balance

DDC Direct Digital Controls

Deferred maintenance is condition work (excluding suitability and energy audit needs) deferred on

a planned or unplanned basis to a future budget cycle or postponed until funds are available.

Deficiency A deficiency is a repair item that is damaged missing inadequate or insufficient for an intended

purpose.

Delta Difference

Delta P Pressure Difference

Delta T Temperature Difference

DG Distributed Generation

DOE Department of Energy

DP Dew Point

DR Demand Response

DX Direct Expansion Air Conditioner

EA Energy Audit

EBITDA Earnings before Interest Taxes Depreciation and Amortization

ECI Energy Cost Index

ECM Energy Conservation Measure

ECO Energy Conservation Opportunity

ECPA Energy Conservation and Production Act

ECR Energy Conservation Recommendation

ECS Energy Control System

EER Energy Efficiency Ratio

EERE Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy division of US DOE

EIA Energy Information Agency

EIS Energy Information System

EMCS Energy Management Computer System

EMO Energy Management Opportunity

EMP Energy Management Project

EMR Energy Management Recommendation

EMS Energy Management System

Energy Utilization Index

(EUI)

EUI is the measure of total energy consumed in the cooling or heating of a building in a period

expressed as British thermal unit (BTU) per (cooled or heated) gross square foot.

EO Executive Order

EPA Environmental Protection Agency

EPACT Energy Policy Act of 1992

EPCA Energy Production and Conservation Act of 1975

EPRI Electric Power Research Institute

EREN Efficiency and Renewable Energy (Division of USDOE)

ERV Energy Recovery Ventilator

ESCO Energy Service Company

ESPC Energy Savings Performance Contract

EUI Energy Use Index

EWG Exempt Wholesale Generators

Extended Facility
Condition Index (EFCI)

EFCI is calculated as the condition needs for the current year plus facility system renewal needs

going out to a set time in the future divided by Current Replacement Value.

f Frequency

F Fahrenheit

Facility A facility refers to site(s) building(s) or building addition(s) or combinations thereof that provide a

particular service.

Facility Condition Assessment (FCA) FCA is a process for evaluating the condition of buildings and facilities for programming and

budgetary purposes through an on site inspection and evaluation process.

Facility Condition Index

(FCI)

FCI is an industry-standard measurement of a facility's condition that is the ratio of the cost to correct a facility's deficiencies to the Current Replacement Value of the facilities. The higher the

FCI the poorer the condition of a facility. After an FCI is established for all buildings within a portfolio a building's condition can be ranked relative to other buildings. The FCI may also represent the condition of a portfolio based on the cumulative FCIs of the portfolio's facilities.

FC Footcandle

FCA Fuel Cost Adjustment

FEMIA Federal Energy Management Improvement Act of 1988

FEMP Federal Energy Management Program

FERC Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

FESR Fuel Energy Savings Ratio

FLA Full Load Amps

FLF Facility Load Factor (usually monthly)

FLRPM Full Load Revolutions per Minute

FMS Facility Management System

FPM fpm Feet per Minute (velocity)

FSEC Florida Solar Energy Center

Ft Foot

GPM gpm Gallons per Minute

GRI Gas Research Institute

Gross Square Feet (GSF) The size of the enclosed floor space of a building in square feet measured to the outside face of

the enclosing wall.

GUI Graphical User Interface

H h Enthalpy Btu/lb

HCFC Hydrochlorofluorocarbons

HDD Heating Degree days

HFC Hydrofluorocarbons

HHV Higher Heating Value

HID High Intensity Discharge (lamp)

HMI Human Machine Interface

HMMI Human Man Machine Interface

HO High Output (lamp)

HP Hp hp Horsepower

HPS High Pressure Sodium (lamp)

HR Humidity Ratio

Hr hr Hour

HRU Heat Recovery Unit

HVAC Heating Ventilation and Air-Conditioning

Hz Hertz

I Intensity (lumen output of lamp)

I i Interest rate or Discount rate

IAQ Indoor Air Quality

ICA International Cogeneration Alliance

ICBO International Conference of Buildings Officials

ICC International Code Council

ICP Institutional Conservation Program

IECC International Energy Conservation Code

IEEE Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers

IESNA Illuminating Engineering Society of North America

Install year The year a building or system was built or the most recent major renovation date (where a

minimum of 70 of the system?s Current Replacement Value (CRV) was replaced).

IRP Integrated Resource Planning

IRR Internal Rate of Return

ISO Independent System Operator

ITA Independent Tariff Administrator

k Kilo multiple of thousands in SI system

K Kelvins (color temperature of lamp)

K k Thermal Conductivity of Material

KVA Kilovolt Ampere

KVAR Kilovolt Ampere Reactive

kW kiloWatt

kWh kiloWatt hour

Length (usually feet)

LCC Life Cycle Costing

LDC Local Distribution Company

LEED Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design

LEED EB LEED for Existing Buildings

LEED NC LEED for new construction

LF Load Factor

LHV Lower Heating Value

Life cycle The period of time that a building or site system or element can be expected to adequately serve

its intended function.

LPS Low Pressure Sodium (lamp)

Lumen Output of a Lamp or Fixture

M Mega multiple of millions in SI system

M&V Measurement and Verification

MACRS Modified Accelerated Cost Recovery System

MARR Minimum Attractive Rate of Return

Mbtu Thousand Btu

MCF Thousand Cubic Feet (usually of gas)

MEC Model Energy Code

Mm Multiple of Thousands in I/P System

MMBtu Million Btu

MMCS Maintenance Management Computer System

MMI Man Machine Interface

MMS Maintenance Management System

MSE 2000 Management System for Energy 2000 (ANSI Georgia Tech Univ)

MW MegaWatt

MWH MWh MegaWatt hour

NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards

NAESCO National Association of Energy Service Companies

NAIMA North American Insulation Manufacturers Association

NEA National Energy Act of 1978

NECPA National Energy Conservation Policy Act

NEMA National Electrical Manufacturer's Association

NERC North American Electric Reliability Council

Next Renewal The Next Renewal date is an override of the 'Calculated Next Renewal' date and is based upon the

assessor?s visual inspection.

NFPA National Fire Protection Association

NGPA National Gas Policy Act of 1978

NLRPM No Load Revolutions per Minute (speed)

Nn Equipment or Project lifetime in economic analysis

NOPR Notice of Proposed Rule Making from FERC

NOx Nitrogen Oxide Compounds

NPV Net present value in economic analysis

NREL National Renewable Energy Laboratory

NUG Non-Utility Generator

O&M Operation and Maintenance

OA Outside Air

ODP Ozone Depletion Potential

OPAC Off-Peak Air Conditioning

P Present value in economic analysis

PBR Performance Based Rates

PEA Preliminary Energy Audit

PF Power Factor

PID Proportional plus integral plus derivative (control system)

PM Portfolio Manager in Energy Star rating system

PM Preventive Maintenance

PoolCo Power Pool Company or Organization

POU Point of Use

PQ Power Quality

PSC Public Service Commission

PSIA psia Pounds per square inch absolute (pressure)

PSIG psig Pounds per square inch gauge (pressure)

PUC Public Utility Commission

PUHCA Public Utilities Holding Company Act of 1935

PURPA Public Utilities Regulatory Policies of 1978

PV Photovotaic system

PV Present Value

PW Present Worth

PX Power Exchange

q Rate of heat flow in Btu per hour

Q Heat load due to conduction using degree days

QF Qualifying Facility

R Electrical resistance

R Thermal Resistance

RC Remote controller

RCR Room Cavity Ratio

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

Remaining Service Life

(RSL)

RSL is the number of years service remaining for a system or equipment item. It is automatically calculated based on the difference between the current year and the 'Calculated Next Renewal'

date or the 'Next Renewal' date whichever one is the later date.

Remaining Service Life

Index (RSLI)

RSLI is defined as a percentage ratio of the remaining service life of a system. It usually ranges

from 0 to 100

REMR Repair Evaluation Maintenance Rehabilitation (REMR) is a scale used to objectively rank systems

based on their condition

Renewal Schedule A timeline that provides the items that need repair the year in which the repair is needed and the

estimated price of the renewal.

RH Relative Humidity

RLA Running Load Amps

RMS Root Mean Square

RO Reverse Osmosis

ROI Return on Investment

RPM Revolutions Per Minute

RTG Regional Transmission Group

RTO Regional Transmission Organization

RTP Real Time Pricing

SBCCI Southern Building Code Congress International

SC Scheduling Coordinator

SC Shading Coefficient

SCADA Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition Systems

SEER Seasonal Energy Efficiency Ratio

SHR Sensible Heat Ratio

Site The grounds and utilities roadways landscaping fencing and other typical land improvements

needed to support the facility.

Soft Cost An expense item that is not considered direct construction cost. Soft cost includes architectural

engineering financing legal fees and other pre-and-post construction expenses.

SOx Sulfur Oxide Compounds

SP Static Pressure

SP SPB Simple Payback

SPP Simple Payback Period

SPP Small Power Producers

STR Stack Temperature Rise

SV Specific Volume

System System refers to building and related site work elements as described by ASTM Uniformat II

Classification for Building Elements (E1557-97) a format for classifying major facility elements common to most buildings. Elements usually perform a given function regardless of the design

specification construction method or materials used. See also Uniformat II.

T Temperature

T Tubular (lamps)

TAA Technical Assistance Audit

TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol

TES Thermal Energy Storage

THD Total Harmonic Distortion

TOD Time of Day

TOU Time of Use

TQM Total Quality Management

TransCo Transmission Company

U Thermal Conductance

UDC Utility Distribution Company

UL Underwriters Laboratories

UNIFORMAT II The ASTM UNIFORMAT II Classification for Building Elements (E1557-97) a format for classifying

major facility components common to most buildings.

USGBC US Green Building Council

v Specific Volume

V Volts Voltage

V Volume

VAV Variable Air Volume

VDT Video Display Terminal

VFD Variable Frequency Drive

VHO Very High Output

VSD Variable Speed Drive

W Watts W Width

WB Wet bulb

WH Wh Watt Hours

Year built The year that a building or addition was originally built based on substantial completion or

occupancy.

Z Electrical Impedance