

Results from Graduate Follow-up Survey Completed by Seniors who Graduated in 2016 and 2017

September 2019

Contact person: Ashley Tanz (atanz@philasd.org)

Office of Research and Evaluation

Why the Graduate Follow-up Survey?

- The Pennsylvania Department of Education requires each District to administer an exit survey to seniors. The primary purpose is to capture students' intentions after high school—specifically, whether they are planning to obtain additional education, employment, or to pursue other activities.
- In recent years, Senior Exit Survey respondents were asked to volunteer their contact information (email and/or cell phone number) for the purposes of receiving a follow-up survey one year after graduation (92.9% of those surveyed provided contact information).
- For the first time, the Office of Research and Evaluation (ORE) had the means to contact students *after* they graduated.

What is the Graduate Follow-up Survey?

- In the winter of 2018-2019, ORE administered a newly designed Graduate Follow-up Survey.
- The Graduate Follow-up Survey was designed to:
 - Better understand education and career pursuits of recent SDP high school graduates.
 - Learn about obstacles students faced in achieving post-graduation plans as initially indicated on the Senior Exit Survey.
 - Understand whether students who intended to work post-graduation have made smooth transitions to the workforce.

Graduate Follow-up Survey Methods

- The survey was sent to members of the graduating Classes of 2016 and 2017 who had previously completed the Senior Exit Survey and provided contact information.
- This means that some of the respondents were one year removed from their time at SDP, while others were two years removed.
- Graduate Follow-up Survey responses were linked with student's Senior Exit Survey responses. Students who had previously intended education were asked education related questions and those who had previously intended work were asked work related questions.
- Graduate Follow-up Survey responses were also linked to college matriculation data from the National Student Clearinghouse (NSC).

Survey Completion and Representativeness

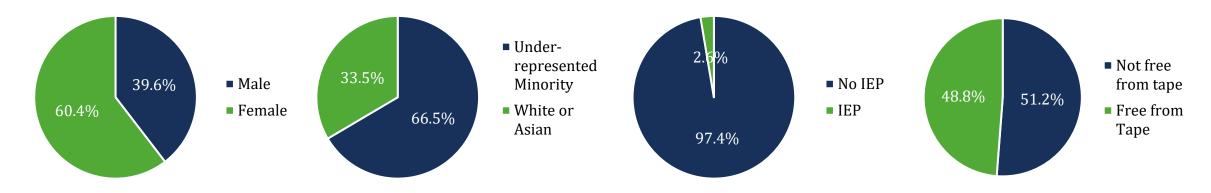
Overview: Graduate Survey Completion

- The survey opened November 30, 2018 and closed February 1, 2019
- In total, 5,491 students from the class of 2016 who provided their contact information in the Senior Exit Survey were contacted by phone, email, or both. 12.9% (710) of those contacted completed the survey.
- In total, 5,241 students from the class of 2017 who provided their contact information in the Senior Exit Survey were contacted by phone, email, or both. 15.3% (801) of those contacted completed the survey.
- For both graduating classes, more students responded to the survey via email than by phone.

| | Overall Completion | Email Completion* | Phone Completion* |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Class of 2016 n= 5,491 | 710 (12.9%) | 549 (10.0%) | 161 (5.8%) |
| Class of 2017 n=5,421 | 801 (15.3%) | 449 (8.6%) | 352 (7.4%) |

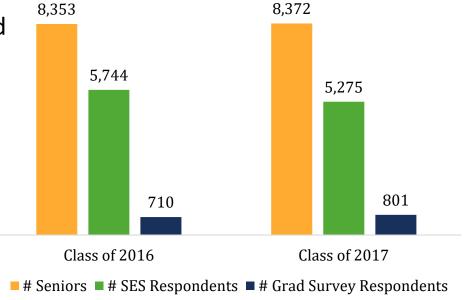
^{*}Percentage is out of total number of invitations sent via each method.

Graduate Follow-up Survey Respondent Characteristics

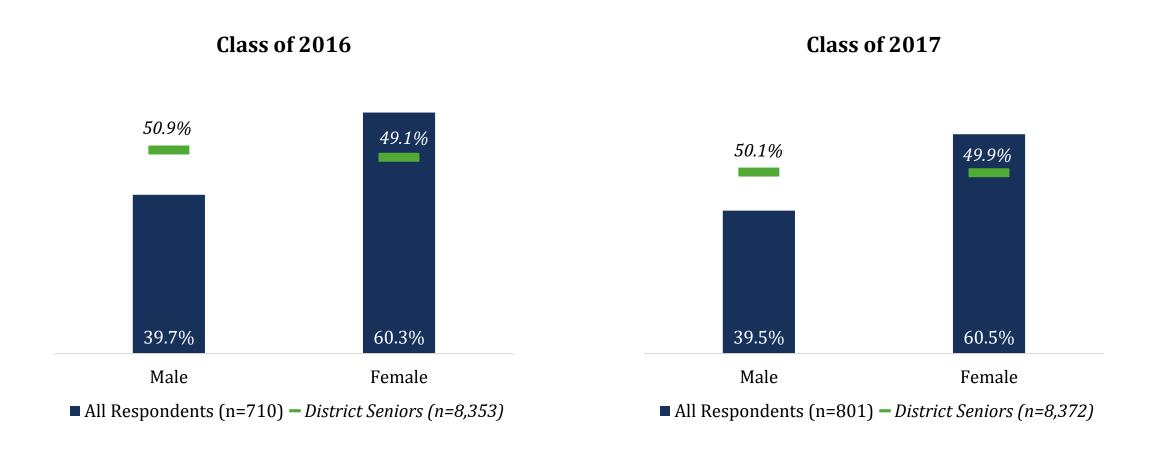


1,511 Total completed responses from class of 2016 and class of 2017 seniors.

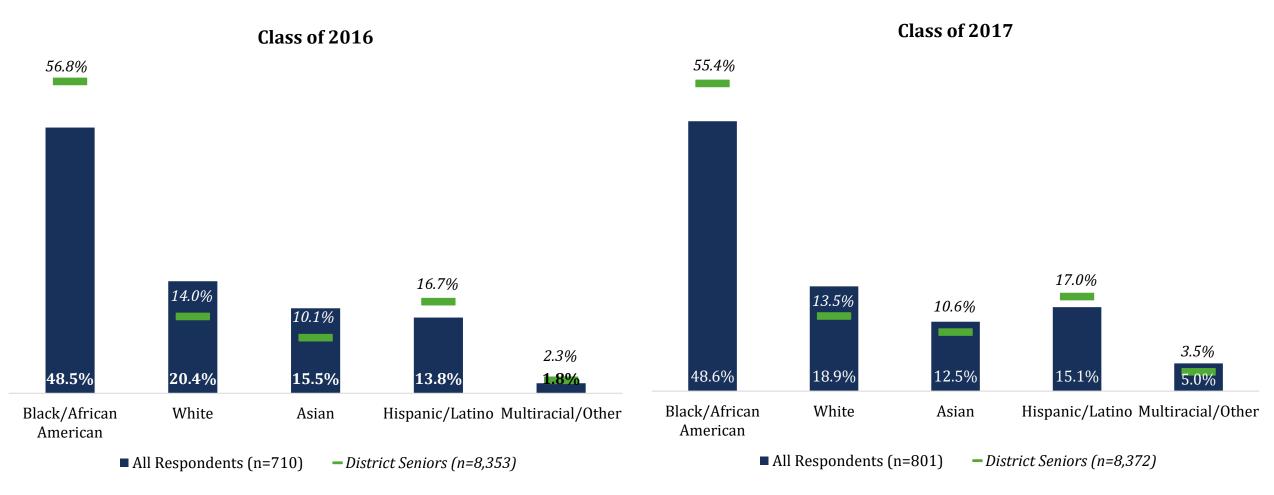
9.0% Percent of class of 2016 and 2017 seniors who responded to the Graduate Follow-Up Survey.



Female students represented about half of the seniors, but about 60% of those who took the follow-up survey

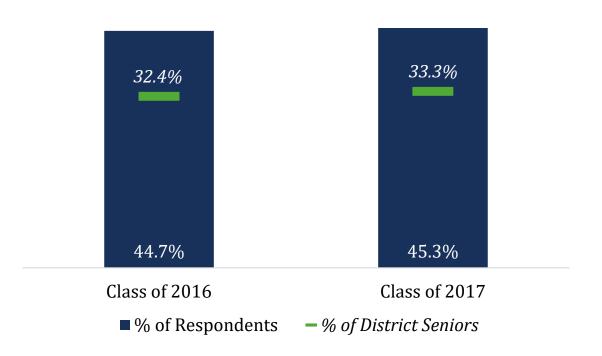


For both the Class of 2016 and Class of 2017, African American and Hispanic respondents were underrepresented, while White and Asian respondents were overrepresented.



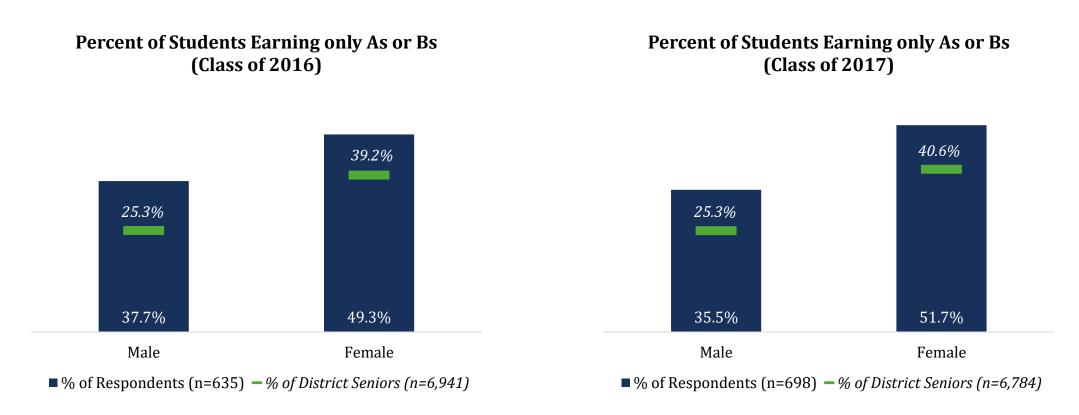
Students that earned only A's or B's during their senior year were over-represented among respondents.

Percent of Students Earning only A's or B's



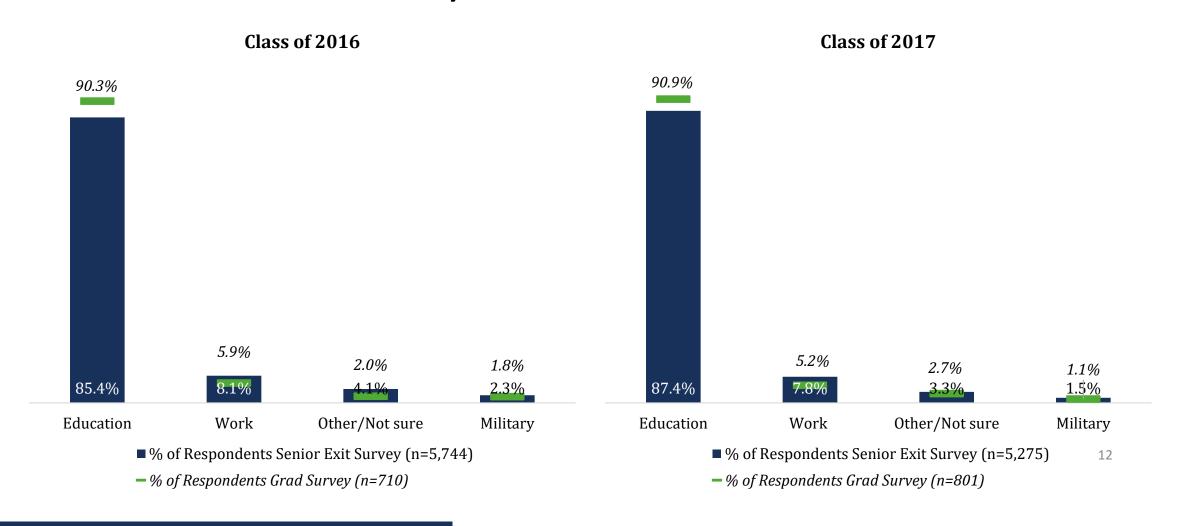
^{*}Includes students who earned only A's B's or P's (Passing) in core subject areas (English, Math, Science, and Social Studies) during their 12th grade year, independent of number of core courses taken.

Male students were under-represented overall, but those with As and Bs as seniors were over-represented.



^{*}Includes students who earned only A's B's or P's (Passing) in core subject areas (English, Math, Science, and Social Studies) during their 12th grade year, independent of number of core courses taken

Respondents who reported intent to pursue postsecondary education on the Senior Exit Survey were over-represented on the Graduate Survey.



Class of 2016 College Enrollment

- Class of 2016— (In Third Year After Graduation)
 - According to the NSC Data:
 - 59.2% (6,572) of Seniors had a college enrollment record as of November, 2018.
 - 40.1% of Seniors did not have a college enrollment record.
 - Of the 5,491 students who received the Graduate Follow-up Survey, 3,584 (65.2%) were enrolled in school at some point.
 - Of the 710 Class of 2016 Graduate Follow-up Survey respondents, 74.6% were enrolled in school at some point.

Class of 2017 College Enrollment

- Class of 2017—(In Second Year After Graduation)
 - According to the NSC Data:
 - 59.4% (6,611) of Seniors have a college enrollment record as of November, 2018.
 - 40.6% of Seniors did not have a college enrollment record.
 - Of the 5,241 students who received the Graduate Follow-up Survey, 3,562 (68%) enrolled in school at some point.
 - Of the 801 Class of 2017 Graduate Follow-up Survey respondents, 75.4% were enrolled in school at some point.

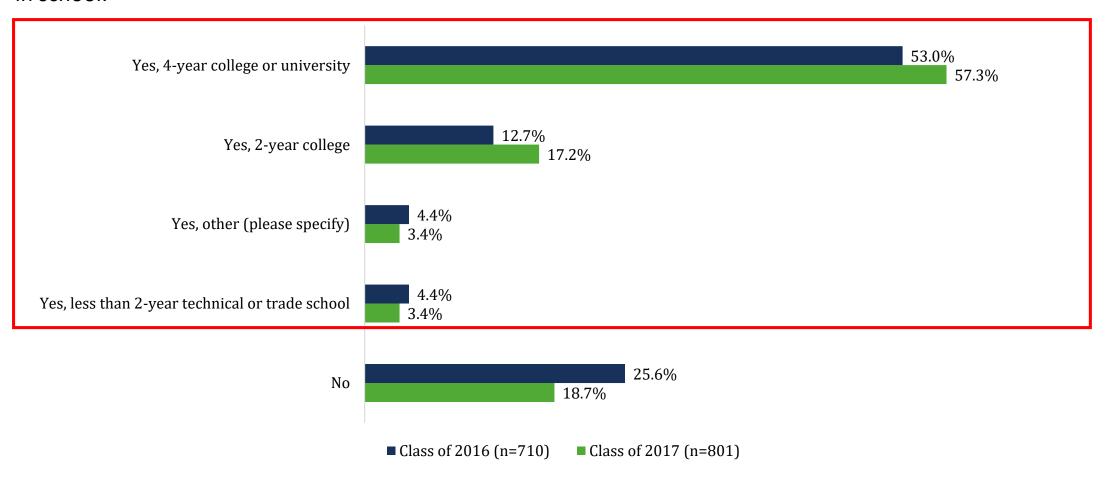
Summary- Representativeness

- The Graduate Follow-up survey sample is probably not representative of the full pool of seniors.
- For the Class of 2016, 8.5% of seniors completed the survey, and for the Class of 2017 it was 9.6%.
- Compared to the full pool of seniors, survey respondents were more likely to:
 - Be Female
 - Be White or Asian
 - Have earned As and Bs as a senior
 - Have reported intent to pursue postsecondary education on the Senior Exit Survey
 - Have enrolled in college after graduating high school

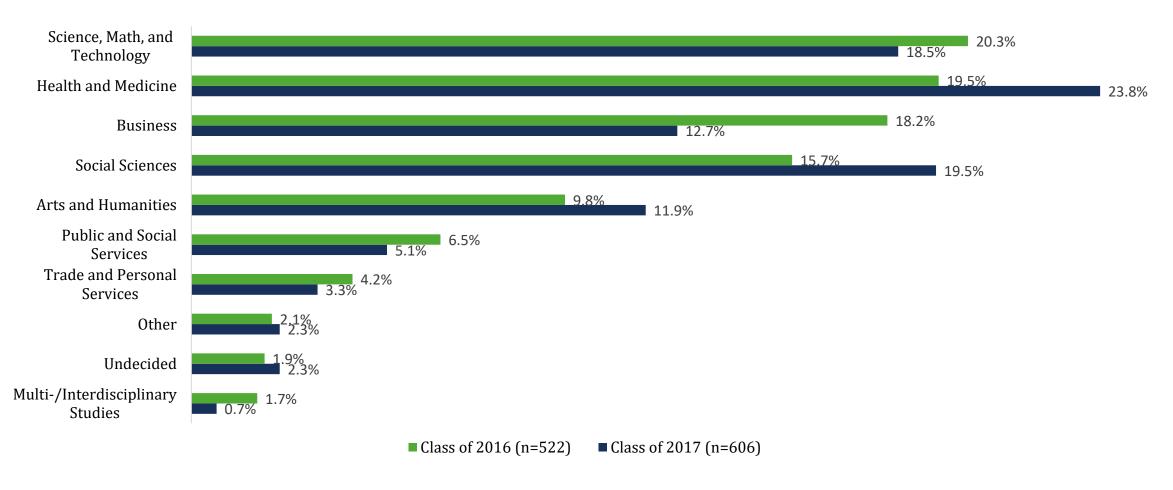
Education and Employment After High School

Are you currently enrolled in school?

Among all survey respondents from the Class of 2016, 74.4% indicated that they were **currently** enrolled in school. Among all survey respondents from the Class of 2017, 81.3% indicated that they were **currently** enrolled in school.



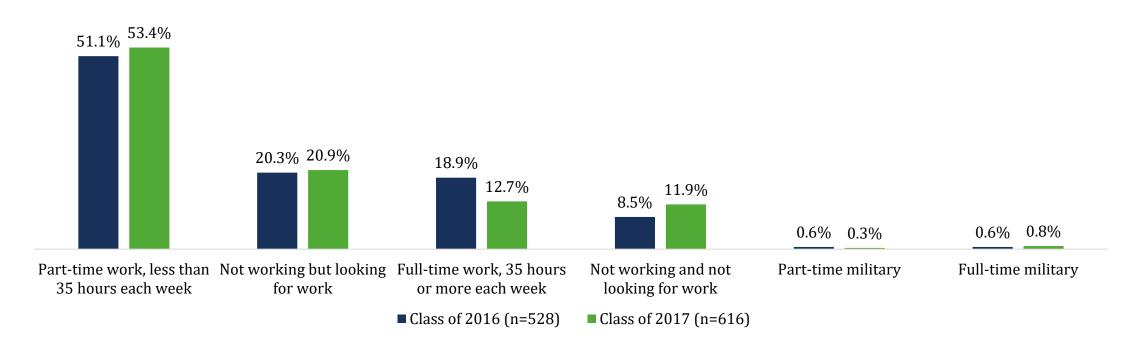
Which of the following best describes your major field of study?



Note: Only asked of students who reported they were currently enrolled in school.

Job Status While in School

In addition to school, which option best describes your current job status?

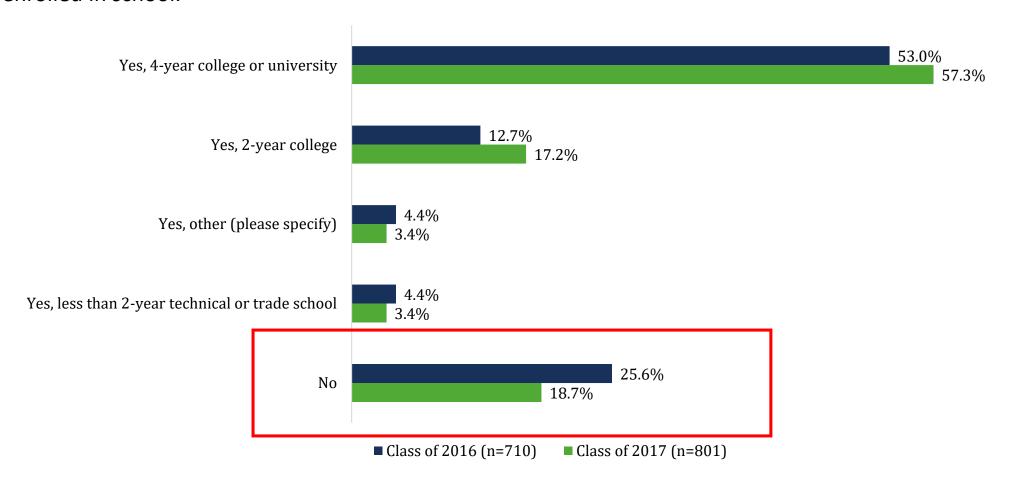


- Among respondents currently enrolled in school, over half reported they are working at least part-time.
- 18.9% of Class of 2016 respondents and 12.7% of 2017 respondents reported working full-time while enrolled in school.

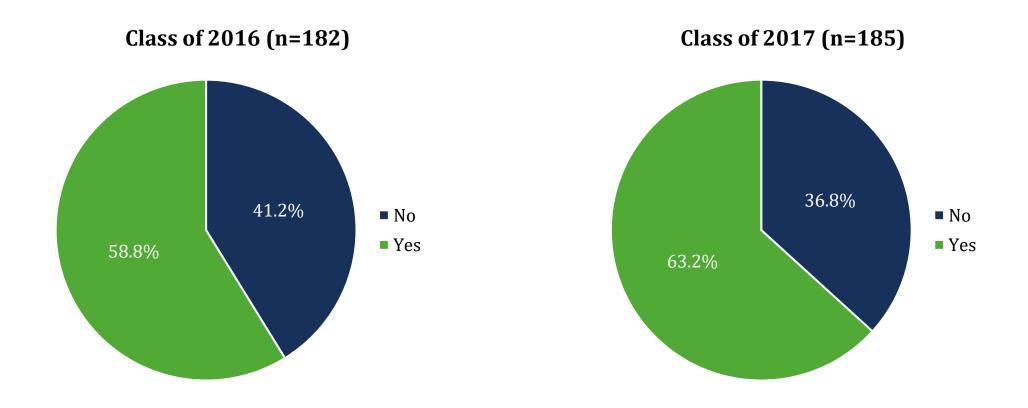
Note: Only asked of students who reported they were currently enrolled in school.

Are you currently enrolled in school?

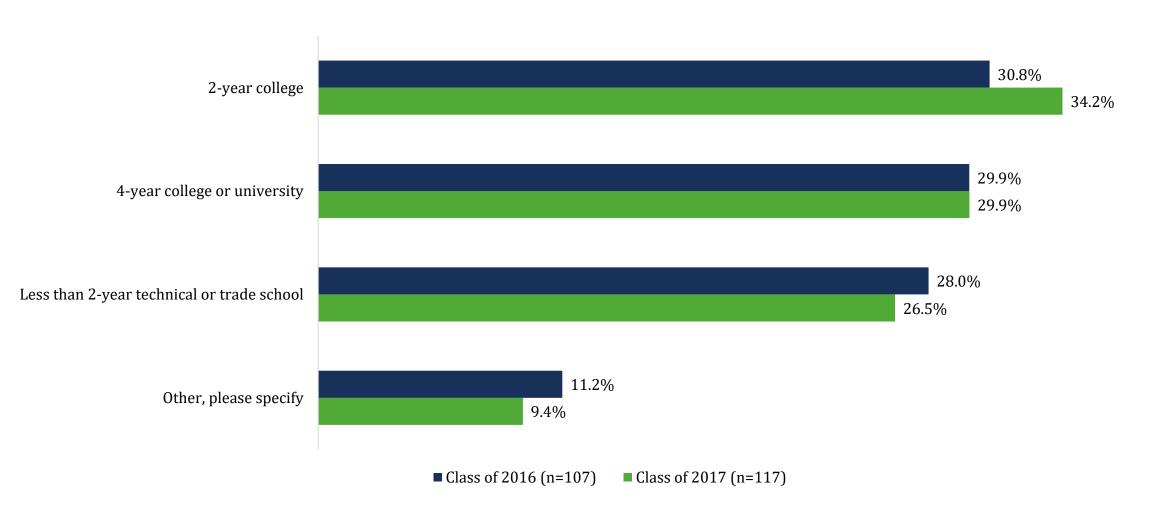
Among all survey respondents from the Class of 2016, 25.6% indicated that they were **not currently** enrolled in school. Among all survey respondents from the Class of 2017, 18.7% indicated that they were **not currently** enrolled in school.



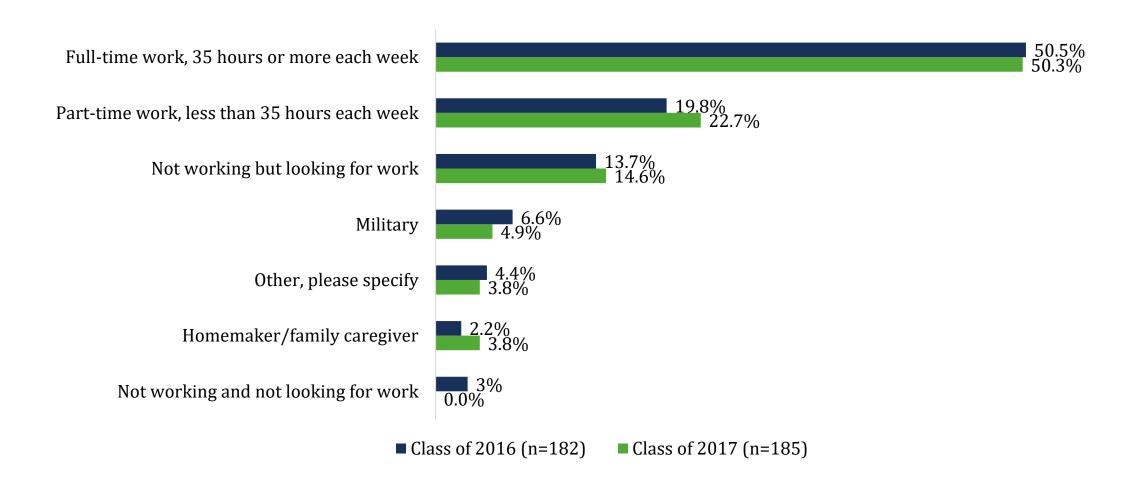
If not currently enrolled in school: Do you plan on beginning any post-high school education, such as college, technical training, or an apprenticeship, within the next year?



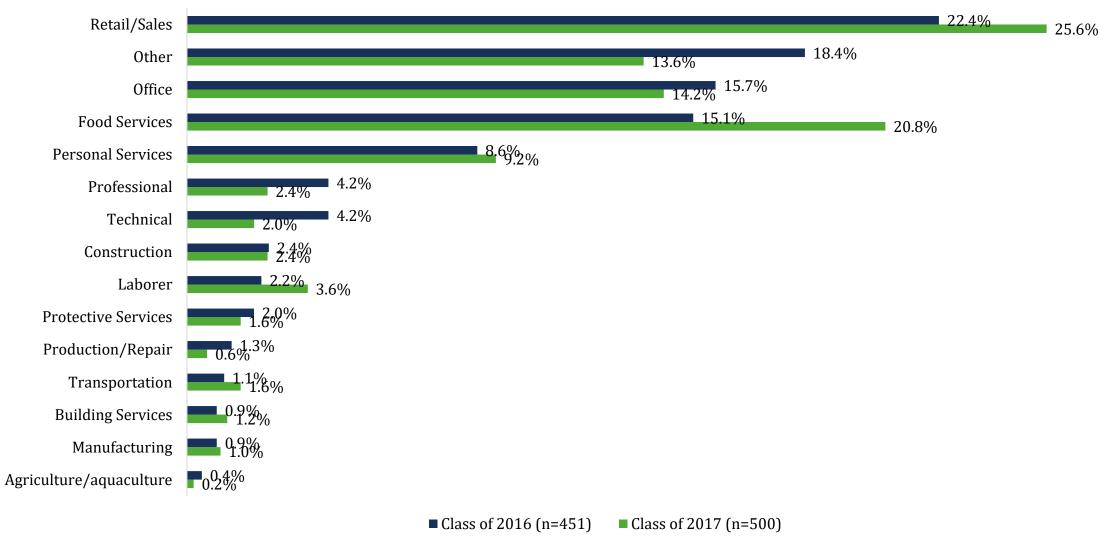
If not currently enrolled in school: Which of the following best describes the type of school you plan to attend?



If not currently enrolled in school: Current Work Status



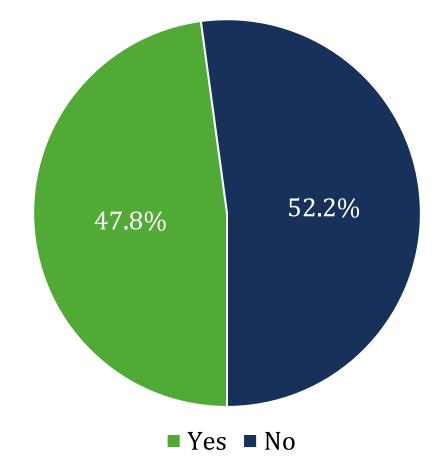
Which of the following best describes your work?



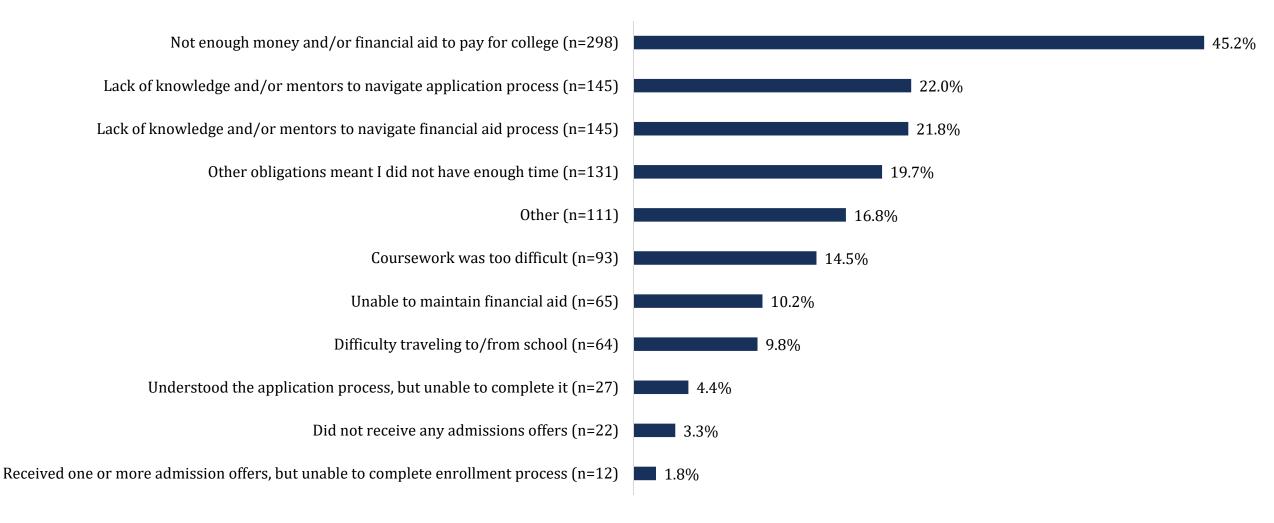
^{*}Includes responses from all students who work, including part-time work and students also enrolled in school

Postsecondary Obstacles

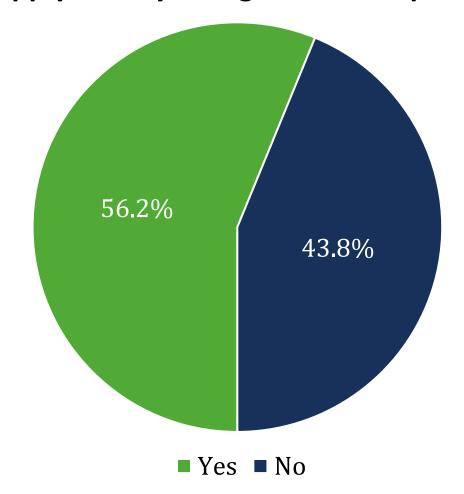
Did you experience any obstacles after high school that made it more difficult for you to achieve your original plans of pursuing your educational field? (n=1,369)



Which of the following best describe the obstacle(s) you faced in pursuing education after high school? (Respondents could select more than one)

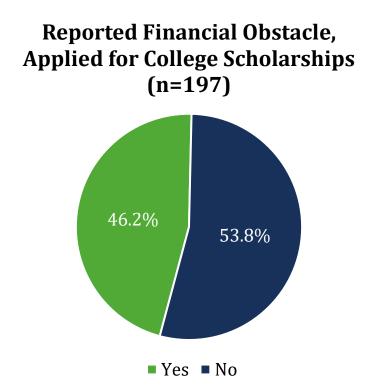


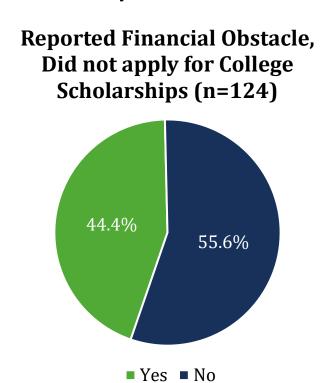
Class of 2016 Respondents Only: Did you apply for any college scholarships? (n=710)



^{*}Corresponds to response on 2015-16 Senior Exit Survey.

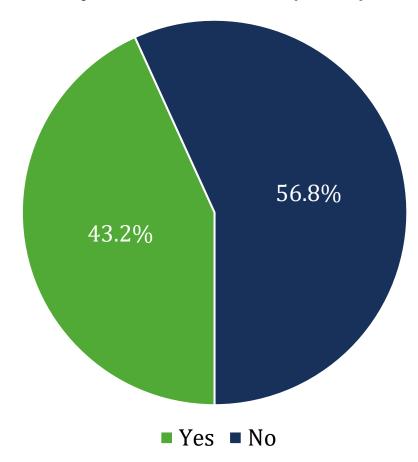
Financial obstacle was prevalent regardless of whether or not students applied for college scholarships during their senior year.





• Among Class of 2016 graduates who reported that they applied for college scholarships in the Senior Exit Survey AND reported experiencing obstacles in achieving education plans, 46.2% reported that not having enough money and/or financial aid to pay for college was an obstacle in pursuing education after college. Among those who did not apply for scholarships, 44.4% reported this as being an obstacle.

Did you experience any obstacles after high school that made it more difficult for you to achieve your original plans of working in your chosen field (n=81)?



Student Responses to Obstacle Questions:

Family Matters

"Pregnancy"

"Became a mother"

"Death in family"

Health

"Mental health"

"I don't want to go to college but I'm having problems getting a job because of my disability."

"My brain injury directly interfered with my plans."

Academics

"Wasn't fully prepared for the college curriculum"

"School shut down"

"Indecisive about coursework"

"Lack of guidance through my first 2 years in college"

Summary of Survey Results

Conclusions

- •710 Students from the Class of 2016 completed the Graduate Follow-Up Survey, representing 12.9% of those contacted and 8.5% of the graduating class .
- •801 students from the Class of 2017 completed the Graduate Follow-Up Survey, representing, 15.3% of those contacted and 9.6% of the graduating class.
- •76.8% of Class of 2016 and 74.5% of Class of 2017 Respondents indicated that they were currently enrolled in school.
- •Of all respondents who intended work, only 45.7% report achieving or having started achieving their high school plans compared to 74.6% of seniors who intended education.
- •Approximately half of all students reported experiencing obstacles after HS that interfered with plans.
- •Not enough money and/or financial aid to pay for college was the single largest obstacle reported for students who intended education (45.2% of students who intended education and reported obstacle).